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Country  
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and American  
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and Periodicals  
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# LIMON WEEKLY NEWS.

WOOD'S  
JOB PRINTING  
OFFICE.  
Executes any kind  
of Printing,  
both in English  
and Spanish.  
See Price List.

The only Paper published in English  
in Costa Rica.



The Largest Paper of any kind Pub-  
lished in Central America.

Vol. IV. No. 160.

PORT LIMON, COSTA RICA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1903.

PRICE: TEN CENTS

## Banking and Exchange

THOMAS SCOTT, San Jose, Costa Rica.

DRAFTS ON LONDON, NEW YORK, NEW ORLEANS AND KINGSTON.  
LOANS GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.  
MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT AT INTEREST.  
ACCOUNTS CURRENT OPENED ON FAVORABLE TERMS, SUBJECT  
TO CHECK.  
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD.  
DRAFTS ON PARIS, HAMBURG AND GENOA.  
San Jose, 31st August, 1901.

**Pabst beer**  
is always pure.



SOLE AGENTS IN COSTA RICA,  
**LINDO BROS.**  
LIMON AND MATIN.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**  
ALL GOODS FROM THE SHOE STORE "LA DEMOCRACIA," are well  
known throughout this country for their superior quality and reasonable  
prices. Any shoes ordered by mail will be delivered free in any part of Costa  
Rica. You can save 20 to 40 per cent by dealing at "La Democracia." The  
honesty and reliability of this house have been proved during the past few  
years. English correspondence promptly attended to.  
EMILIO ARTAVILA,  
San Jose, C. R. Central Ave.—Almost opposite the "Banco de Costa Rica."  
977 20-23

**J. KAEMPFER,**  
—COMMISSION MERCHANT—  
AND  
**DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE.**  
NINETY-NINE BUILDING, LIMON.  
Orders from Country Customers promptly executed.  
Stock always on hand of Candies from the San Jose  
Candy Factory of L. Kruse.






*Stephens Inks*  
**The Best and Cheapest**  
**INK**  
ON EARTH.



Wood's Book Store,

## WATCHES!!

Keystone-Elgin Watches, direct from the Factory.

<b>GENTS</b> SOLID SILVER, INLAID WITH GOLD  TWELVE DOLLARS GOLD \$12.00	<b>LADIES</b> SILVER, INLAID WITH GOLD  TWELVE DOLLARS GOLD \$12.00	<b>GENTS</b> GOLD FILLED CASE. —GUARANTEED FIVE YEARS—  SEVEN DOLLARS GOLD \$7.00	<b>GENTS</b> SILVEROID  FIVE DOLLARS GOLD \$5.00
<b>GENTS</b> GOLD FILLED CASE. GUARANTEED TWENTY YEARS.  FIFTEEN DOLLARS GOLD \$15.00		<b>KEYSTONE CASES</b> ELGIN WORKS.	

EASY TERMS.

These watches can be supplied on Easy Terms: Payments as low as One Dollar gold monthly accepted.

AGENTS WANTED ON THE LINE.

SOLE AGENTS IN COSTA RICA:  
Wood's Book Store, Limon.

### NORTHERN RAILWAY OF COSTA RICA.

**TIME TABLE.**  
— FOR ALL POINTS IN ZENT AND —  
—Bana River Districts.—

WESTBOUND.		EASTBOUND.	
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY		DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY	
Depart	8:15 A. M.	LIMON.	1:00 P. M.
Arrive	9:20 "	ZENT	1:50 "
"	9:40 "	ST JUNCTION.	1:35 "
<b>CHUPO BRANCH.</b>			
Arrive	10:45 A. M.	ZENT.	10:00 M. A.
Depart	10:25 "	CHURRICO.	10:20 "
<b>BANA RIVER DISTRICT</b>			
Arrive	5:00 P. M.	LIMON.	3:15 P. M.
Depart	4:05 "	BEAHESEM.	4:00 "
"	4:05 "	PHILADELPHIA.	4:00 "

1<sup>st</sup> Wednesdays and Fridays.  
2<sup>nd</sup> Thursdays and Saturdays.  
H. M. FEILD, Supt.

### UNITED FRUIT COMPANY.

—MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT—  
GENERAL LINE DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOE  
NOTS AND GROCERIES,  
**BLITZ BEER.**  
Kerosened Lubricating Oils, at  
lowest Prices.  
**A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FANCY  
GROCERIES JUST RECEIVED.**  
Large stock open and Sewer Pipe now on hand  
Call and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.  
**Uni Fruit Company.**  
Port Limon

### Limon Weekly News.

PORT LIMON SATURDAY, Oct. 17, 1903.  
**F. M. H. WOOD,**  
PRINTER AND PUBLISHER, PORT LIMON  
COSTA RICA, CENTRAL AMERICA.  
R. A. HESLOP, AGENT, ZENT JUNCTION  
ANTONIO LERHMANN, CENTRAL AVE.  
SAN JOSE.

### CURRENT ITEMS.

*El Instructor* is a semi monthly periodical just published in San Jose in the interest of the Masonic fraternity in Costa Rica. *El Noticiero*.

*El Noticiero* states that the United Fruit Company are exporting cattle from Nicaragua by way of Puerto Barrias, from whence they ship them to the rich pastures they possess in Cuba.

AUGUSTIN ZUNIGA is called upon in the *Judicial Bulletin* of October 10th to present himself at the carcel of this city in ten days to answer certain charges preferred against him at the office of the Limon Criminal Judge.

Mr. I. D. Sasso, Agent of the Italian line of steamers, advises that the "La Veloce" which left Genoa on October 1st. will not touch at Marseilles, and consequently will arrive here on the 25th inst.

We learn that D. H. Work, the young man who defrauded Mr. Alberto Moreno of a sum of money, has taken refuge in Bocas del Toro, having arrived there over land. Probably he is there fraternizing with his compatriot in crime, Mr. P. Egan.—*El Noticiero*.

*El Centinela* pays a tribute to foreigners resident in Costa Rica, going so far as to say that to them is due to some extent the progress and well being of this country. All foreigners will appreciate this kind sentiment expressed by our contemporary.

**MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE.**—Members are hereby reminded that Monday is the last day for payment of assessment No. 54 on the death of Charles Lang. The Treasurer will receive assessments at his office up to eight o'clock on that day, when the books will be closed and the policies of those members unpaid will be cancelled.

*El Noticiero* suggests that it would be well for Costa Rica if she imitated the State of Utah, which fixes October 1st. in each year as a day for general disinfection of houses, churches, theatres etc. We heartily second the proposal of our contemporary, for once a year is better than nothing; and it would be easy to enforce such a regulation. Once a century is oftener than some of the houses in this port are disinfected by their owners, and then only when the authorities step in and demand that it be attended to. After all, we believe that if such a scheme were adopted, it would be better for the local authorities to take the matter in hand themselves, charging a small fee for the service to include the cost of the disinfectant. It would be done more thoroughly and systematically in this manner, and the health of the port would surely benefit.

Continued on 4th page.

# WOOD'S BOOK STORE, LIMON. PRICE LIST

Of Stationery, School Material and Novelties.

<b>A</b>	
Automatic Pencils	25
Almanacs, Whitaker's, \$1.00 and \$2.00	1.00
Almanacs, World	1.00
Almanacs, sheet	.15
Alphabet Cards	.25
Atlases	\$2.00 and 3.00
<b>B</b>	
Balls, rubber, solid, 25c, 50c and .75	.75
Balls, hollow, from	.25
Balls, base	.75
Bicycle Cement, Tire	.25
Bicycle Cement, rim	.25
Brushes, shaving	.50
Brushes, tooth	.50
Brushes, marking, 10, 20 and 25	.25
Bill books	\$2.50
Bow, hair, violin	.75
Bats, cricketing	15.00
Balls, cricket	6.00
Bill heads, small, 100	.35
Bill heads, medium, 100	.50
Bill heads, medium	.85
Banana counters	8.00
Bowls, copying	1.50
Boxing gloves	6.00
Balloons	.10
Birthday cards, 25, 50 and 100	1.00
Baskets, fancy, an assortment	
Blotters, hand	1.25
<b>C</b>	
Copy letter books, 500 1	\$2.50
Cards, Bicycle playing	.85
Cards, cheap playing	.65
Chalk, tailors'	.05
Chalk, billiard	.05
Chalk, crayons, box	.75
Chalk, carpenters', lb.	.25
Chess, set	3.00
Chess board	1.50
Crochet needle	.10
Crochet cotton	.25
Crochet silk	.25
Combs, hair, 25 and 50	.50
Combs, small tooth	.25
Clips, board, letter	1.75
Clips, board, foolscap	2.00
Checkers, 35 and 45	.65
Checker boards	1.50
Copying brushes	1.25
Calendars, desk	.50
Calendars, stand	.75
Composition books, 5, 10, 15 and 25	6.00
Commissary order books, 100 1	1.00
Cigarette books	.10
Cash boxes, \$2.50 and 3.00	3.00
Caps for toy pistols	.05
Copy books, Cassell's	.25
Carbon paper, 8x13	.15
Christmas cards (assorted) from Chamolis leather	.10
Cards, birthday, 25, 50 and 100	1.00
Counter books, 25, 50, 60 and 75	.75
Dice cups	.15
Dice, poker	\$1.50
Dominos, \$1.25 and 5.00	5.00
Dating stamps	1.00
Desk pads, 19x24	2.50
Dolls, all prices from	.25
Diaries, desk	1.00
Diaries, pocket, from	.75
Desk calendars	.50
Desk Calendar stands	.75
<b>E</b>	
Envelopes, our make, pr. 100	.75
Envelopes, imp., square, per 100	\$1.25
Envelopes, for invitation, pkg.	.25
Envelopes, for photographs, 10, 15	.15
Erasers, Faber's rubber	.25
Emery paper	.10
Emery cloth	.15
Embroidery hoops	.25
<b>F</b>	
Fountain pens, Crescent	\$ 3.00
Flutes, tin	.50
Fans, plain	.50
Fans, feather	1.00
Files, Harp	.40
Foolscap, per quire	.35
Files, box	1.75
Frames, plush picture	1.50
Flags, English, 35, 50 and 100	1.00
<b>G</b>	
Gold paint	.50
Guitar Strings, wire, 1, 15c; 2, 15c; 3 for	.15
Guitar Strings, wire, 4, 20c; 5, 20c; 6,	.20
Goggles	.50
Guitars, fair quality	\$12.50
Glue, Le Page's liquid	.40
<b>H</b>	
Harmonicas, 25 and 75	.75
<b>I</b>	
Ink, Stephens'	.10
Ink, Stephens', 1-2 pints	.50
Ink, Stephens', 1 pint	\$1.00
Ink, Stephens', quarts	1.75
Ink, marking	.50
Ink, rubber stamp	1.00
Ink, red, 15 and 100	1.00
Inkstands, \$2.00, \$5.00 and 6.00	6.00
Indexes, 35 and 85	.85
Invoice books, from	3.50
Ink eradicator, Collins'	1.50
Ink India	.50
<b>J</b>	
Journal paper, per quire	\$1.00
Journals, 100 pages	1.25
Journals, 200 pages	2.00
Journals, 300 pages	2.75
Journals, 400 pages	3.50
Japanese lanterns, from	.25
<b>K</b>	
Key chains	.35
Key rings, 10 and 15	.15
King Edward's photograph	\$1.00
Knives, pocket, 1.00 and 1.50	1.50
<b>L</b>	
Lamps, table, from	\$1.50
Lamps, hanging, from	3.00
Lamp shades, 50 to 2.00	2.00
Lamp chimneys, 25 to 50	.50
Lamp wicks, from	.15
Laces, shoe, brown or black, pr. 10	1.00
Ledgers, with indexes, 100 pages	1.50

Typewriter oil	.50
Tally books	.35
Tags, per 100	.40
Tops	.15
Toy books, 25c and 50c	.50
Toy books, linen, 50c and 1.00	1.00
Typewriter erasers	.25
Tissue paper, per doz.	.50
<b>UV</b>	
Views of Costa Rica	.50
Violin strings, 1st, silk	.20
Violin strings, 2, 3 and 4	.25
Visiting cards, 100	.00
Visiting cards, 100 printed	.50
Violinello strings, 1 and 2	.75
Violinello strings 3 and 4	.50
Union jacks, 35c, 50c and .90	.90
Violin bridges	.25
Violin pegs	.25
Views of Central America	1.50
<b>W</b>	
Whistles, tin, 25c and .50	.50
Wall paper, per roll, from	.30
Wrapping paper, per pound	.15
Wickets and balls, per set	2.00
Wicket keeping gloves	5.00
Writing cases, \$1.00 and 2.00	2.00
<b>Country customers will not include in their remittance the cost of postage, equal to 2nts for two pounds.</b>	
<b>STOPPED MILL FOR A RE.</b>	
A robin once built her nest in a queer place in a saw mill in Stor. Pa.	
The mill had been idle for some time, and late in May while there was getting ready to saw a large cock robin darted about the mill and screamed spitefully at the man couldn't make out why the bird was so cross, but he had pretty soon after he had held the gate and set the mill a-going, the top of the upright saw frame the robin had built her nest, and was sitting on it when the machinist began to make the saw fly up and down. The quick, downward strokes came near plucking the nest away from her, but she clung fast and kept her four eggs warm.	
Meanwhile the male robin dived at the owner every few seconds at continued his angry cries.	
The female bird's admirable devotion to duty, and the male robin's incessant pleadings in her behalf, such as Mr. Wickham's sympathetic cord, he said, and before the saw was half through the log he shut the water off. He was in no hurry for lumber, and he didn't try to run the saw again until after the robins had raised their little family. In the latter part of July he noticed that the birds were preparing to begin housekeeping anew. There were two eggs in the old nest up on the saw frame, and the indications were that mother robin had laid all to themselves. Before frosty nights came the birds had hatched and raised another brood on the old saw frame, sent then out into the world, and taken their departure from the mill.—Washington Star.	
<b>FALSE KINDNESS.</b>	
The softest little fluff of fur! The gentlest, most persuasive pur! Oh, everybody told me that She was the "loveliest little cat" So when she on the table sprang, And lapped the cream with small red tongue,	
I only gently put her down, And said, "No, no!" and tried to frown;	
But if I had been truly kind, I should have made that kitten mind!	
Now, large and quick, and strong of will, She'll spring upon that table still, And spite of all my watchful care Will snatch the choicest luscious there;	
And everybody says, "Scat! Scat! She's such a dreadful, dreadful cat!" But I who hear them, know with shame, I only am the one to blame.	
For in the days when she was young, And lapped the cream with small red tongue, Had I to her been truly kind, I should have made that kitten reticent.—Kindergarten Review.	
<b>GROWING A NEW GRANDMA.</b>	
Harold was a dear little fellow, only three years old. His parents had gone to a new country in the far west. It was very different from the city which they had left, with all the dear friends, relatives and, nearest of all, a dear old grandma.	
Mamma had so much to attend in the new home that she had little time for the children excepting to keep them clean and give them their meals. Lonesome, indeed, they were, as mother discovered one day in a manner that brought tears to her eyes.	
Harold had been very quiet and busy for some time digging a hole in the ground. He had been so earnest about it that when it was completed, she went to examine the spot. There she discovered that he had buried a picture of his dear grandma.	
"Why, Harold," she exclaimed, "what are you doing with this?" "I thought," said the little man, with tears of loneliness streaming down his cheeks, "if I planted it maybe I could grow another grandma."—Boston Herald.	

## THE GREAT DESTROYER

SOME STARTLING FACTS ABOUT THE VICE OF INTEMPERANCE.

Poem: Ten Thousand Voices Answer No!—A Remarkable Utterance of a Young Man Who Killed His Drunken Step-Father—Misery Whisky Makes.

Oh, men of might, men of wealth! Men of vigor, and strength, and health, Endow'd with hearts mankind to love, Who supplant the throne above; Oh! ye who visit sorrow's den, To sorrow with your fellow-men, Such that unholy trade in drink, Which carries men to ruin's brink, Continue ever here below? Ten thousand voices answer No!

Tell me, loathsome child of shame, Ye whose deeds we blush to name; Tell me, homeless orphan child, Tell me, all by drink begot; Tell me, sad, staggering cot, And ye who share his wretched lot; Must we forever, drunkard's wife, Retain this foe to human life? Hark! hark from earth's shades of woe, Ten thousand voices answer No!

Distillers, dealers, can you rest? Is conscience quiet in your breast? Will men the world call good and great, This traffic always tolerated? Must groans and curses still resound, As months and years go rolling round? Will mankind never know relief From this overwhelming source of grief? Ye drink-made slaves indignantly grow, And thunder forth a mighty No!

Oh, angels, scraps in the spheres, Behold our eyes sufficed with tears: Must drink-made slaves ceaseless flow, And breaking hearts no respite know? Must we resign to such a foe All that we cherish here below? Forbid it, mighty God of love! Forbid it, angel hosts above! Oh, joy our souls with rapture glow; We hear the angels chanting "No!" —National Advocate.

**What Whisky Does.**

"This 'Ten Thousand Voices' is the title of an article in the Cleveland Post. The article is in the form of a comment upon the statement made by a young man, who was under arrest for killing his stepfather, a crime that he had committed under the circumstances of great provocation. Here is the article:

"I would not touch whisky if it was to save my life. I have seen too much of its work. I have seen the misery it has made for my father. I have seen, too, the brute it made my stepfather when he was under its influence. If it were not for whisky, no trouble would ever have happened and I would not be in jail. I never touched the stu. and I've made a vow I never will."

These are not the words of an impassioned temperance theorist. They are the calm, deliberate utterance of a young man who had his drunken stepfather in his den of hell, and who was incarcerated in a jail, and who had a police lieutenant pressed a glass of whisky upon him, and who had his weakened condition and had no use for it.

Here is what might well be accented as an apt opinion upon the effect of whisky:

"This young man has had experiences that have taught him what whisky will do. He does it need to theorize. He speaks with positive information.

But whisky he would not have been in jail. Deducible true. And comely true it is that for whisky few other people ever were in jail. It is not putting it too low to say that it is the cause of it.

And who cannot call up from one's own recollection dozens of mothers whom whisky has made miserable?

Scarcely a community or social circle but has several—often good patients, uncomplaining heroines who have given up hope, and whose desolated hearts are left to feed on agony of despair.

They bear the deprivation, the neglect, the use, the blows, and utter no moan, but their hearts there is moaning away.

Teareth has been salted with tears shedy mankind in sympathy with the bravemans who send their husbands and sons battle, sitting alone at home with their hearts and fears, but such women are happy, exalted, compared with the drunkard's wives, crouching with tears and fearful shame, while their husbands give it to the devil—Drink.

Teareth, sweet hopes of their bridal days, become a mockery. The vows upon which they staked their life happiness proved light as air. The love that had been fair to be a shelter in every storm, has been beaten down and torn to ruin whirlwinds of bestial passions.

Three millions of women like this.

"I see, too," says this young man, "the le whisky has made of my stepfather he was under its influence."

Yes, it is the truth—it makes a man a brute, it makes a good and kind and tender wife is sober, but whisky makes him a brute. He may be provident and thrifty when he is himself, but filled with whisky he becomes an entirely different creature.

Sobriety may not be able to realize that he can be brute when drunk. He may be the one to know the misery that his drunkenness causes in his home. He cannot view himself in correct perspective.

But young man who was sent to jail because he speaks the simple truth, man, a brute, a happy wife into a miserable, and a devoted son into an unwilling murderer.

And who is no respecter of persons. What if in one family it will do in another. It makes of one man it has made a son. The woe of this one woman, be that ever goes crying and moaning about the earth.

**From Commercial Standpoint.**

Some of the largest industrial enterprises being responsible for the business, they employ during working hours, they are buying up property adjacent to manufacturing plants in order to establish a large number of liquor men in establishments. Like the railroad companies, are coming to realize that the virt of temperance in their workmen being a substantial value, capable of increasing the wealth of the community, that them that if they are immunities, damage suits, occasioned by accidents and life, they must prevent them by supplying their brains with pure food of beer at the noon hour. A method of regulating the habits of the line will be definitely drawn at the idler and the drinker, the wick of the abstainer, and the man's frier.

**Woe in Erie.**

He who violate the saloon should first try to Mt. Sinai.

Thunder purify the air, but a burst of fire indignation never was known to piss.

The furk you can drive the saloon, they away you remove temptation, who work in high places.

In Bethel, prohibition, it was a rare thing that person being drunk, license two ago the town voted to there were convictions for drunk eness.



## Directory of Costa Rica.

VIEW OF LIMON.

### Directory of Costa Rica.

**INSURANCE**—  
Limon Mutual Life, President, W. J. Reid; Secretary and Treasurer, F. M. H. Wood.

**ICE MANUFACTURERS**—  
Florida Ice Co.

**LAWYERS**—  
Jose Caballero.

**NEWSPAPERS**—  
Limon Weekly News.

**PHYSICIANS**—  
Dr. Mauro Aguilar.  
Dr. Alex Garcia.  
Dr. — Obregon.  
Dr. Septimus Steggall.

**POLICE**—  
Marcus Sotela, Comandante.

**POSTMASTER**—  
Manuel Esquivel.

**PRINTERS**—  
F. M. H. Wood.

**PRODUCE MERCHANTS**—  
Isaac L. Madro.

**PROVISION MERCHANTS**—  
J. E. Kaempfer.  
Lindo Bros.  
Edu Lyon.  
United Fruit Company.

**RAILROADS, COSTA RICA**—  
J. A. Pearce, Traffic Inspector.  
G. C. Wendell, Train Dispatcher.  
R. W. Ueckles, Freight Agent.  
Max Lesser, Material Agent.  
G. W. Rothery, Master Mechanic.

**RAILROADS, NORTHERN**—  
H. M. Field, Superintendent.  
Wm. G. Chase, Assistant Supt.  
W. D. Jammy, Chief Engineer.  
H. Scharf, Assistant Eng'r.  
J. M. Tibaut, Freight and Ticket Agt.  
A. Lasker, Material Agent.  
Robert Potts, Master Mechanic.

**STEAMSHIP AGENCIES**—  
Elder- Dempster, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
French, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
Hamburg-American, Luis Wechmann.  
Royal Mail, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
Spanish, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
United Fruit Co.

**SHOEMAKERS**—  
**SCHOOLS**—  
Public, Mr. Leonardo Vega L., master.  
Miss Elvira de la Guardia, mistress.  
Baptist, Henry Hylton, Master.  
Church of England, W. E. Price, Master; Miss Z. Barton, Mistress.  
Wesleyan, W. J. Flowers, Master.

**SODA WATER MAKERS**—  
Simon Cohn.

**STATIONERY**—  
Wood's Book Store.

**STORES**—  
A. C. Campbell.  
John Sachs.

**TAILORS**—  
C. W. Grant.  
T. P. McGinness.  
H. Portuondo.  
R. A. Watson.

**TELEGRAPHS**—  
Zacarias Cheves, Chief Operator.

**WATCHMAKERS**—  
J. A. Calorie.  
A. J. L. Steele.  
Jacob Stevens.

**WHARF MASTER**—  
Captain W. G. Baker.

**DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL RESIDENTS.**

Acevedo, Ramon F.  
Allen, Horatio.  
Arnold, Mrs. L. C.  
Brown, R. H.  
Becket, H. S. C. G.  
Beckles, Charles.  
Beale, John M.  
Buchanan, James.  
Bonilla, Alfonso.  
Campbell, C. A.  
Olivi, Nicolas.  
Childs, Richard.  
Cummins, Polemus.  
Diermissen, Max.  
Foster, W.  
Fry, Peter.  
Forbes, Charles.  
Fennel, Samuel.  
Grant, E. A.  
Greenwood, John.  
Gordon, Alexander.  
Guelph, Fred.  
Garidi, Francisco.  
Loofs, J. F.  
Legion, E.  
Morrison, J. C.  
Macpherson, Sarah.  
Maroney, Robert.  
Martí, Jack.  
Nunes, O. P.  
Pilgrim, J. R.  
Pardo, Rogelio.  
Roffschlager, Ernest.  
Rafter, Wm. G.  
Reynolds, Charles.  
Rameay, Henry.  
Shaw, Charles Aubrey.  
Shaw, Samuel.  
Simmons, Captain S.  
Seaman, W. M.  
Scott, C. D.  
Smith, C. H.  
Schutt, Richard.  
Taylor, Col. H. M.  
Zurcher, Harry.

**President of the Republic**—Senor Licenciado don Ascension Esquivel.

**CABINET MINISTERS.**

Senor Licenciado don Leonidas Pacheco, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and Minister of Public Instruction.

Senor don Manuel J. Jimenez, Home Secretary, Minister of Public Works and Police Commissioner.

Senor Licenciado don Cleto Gonzalez Viquez, Chancellor of the Exchequer and Minister of Commerce.

Senor don Tobias Zuniga, Minister of War and Marine.

**LIMON.**

Governor—Senor don Wenceslao de la Guardia.

Secretary—Senor don Federico Golcher.

Administrator of Customs—Senor don Balvanero Vargas.

Port Medical Officer—  
Judge of Criminal Court—Senor Licenciado don Marcial Alpizar.

Chief Police Agent—Senor don Fladelfo Granados.

**MUNICIPALITY.**

Senor don Juan R. Mora, President.

Senor don Lucas D. Alvarado, Vice President.

Senor don Zacarias Chevez, Deputy Alderman.

Senor don Eduardo Beeche, Treasurer.

Secretary.

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**FRANCE**—Felipe J. Alvarado, Esq., Consular Agent.

**GERMANY**—George Kaempfer, Esq., Vice Consul.

**GREAT BRITAIN**—Frederick M. H. NORWAY AND SWEDEN—Cecil Veron Lindo, Esq., vice Consul.

**PERU**—Felipe J. Alvarado, Esq., Vice Consul.

**UNITED STATES**, Charles D. Scott, Esq., Vice Consul.

**VENEZUELA**—Felipe J. Alvarado, Esq., Consul General.

**RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS.**

**CATHOLIC**—Rev. N. Stappers.

**BAPTIST**—Rev. Stephen Witt, Pastor.

**EPISCOPAL**, The Venerable Archdeacon Swaby, Rector.

**WESLEYAN**—Rev. E. A. Pitt, Pastor.

**TRADE DIRECTORY.**

(Revised every six months. One heading, two columns, which includes six months' subscription to The Limon Weekly News. For each additional heading one column.)

## Trades Directory.

E. W. Jackson.

**BARS**—  
Alfano Hermanos.  
Jose Cuiviller.

**BOOK STORES**—  
Wood's Book Store.

**ROOTS AND SHOES**—  
Emilio Artavia.

**BUTCHERS**—  
L. O. Fraser.

**CARPENTERS**—  
Hilary Beckles.  
Alfonso Chase.  
James Stibbell.

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS**—  
Felipe J. Alvarado & Co.

**DENTISTS**—  
Dr. Will A. Blackburn.

**DRUGGISTS**—  
Virgilio Giorgi.  
Obregon & Co.

**DRY GOODS**—  
Ferdinand Asch.  
Misses Browner.  
Seldes Ramirez.  
G. W. Titack.

**EXCHANGE**—  
F. M. H. Wood.

**FIRE BRIGADE**—  
Ramon F. Acevedo, Chief.  
F. M. H. Wood, Deputy Chief.

**FRIENDLY SOCIETIES**—  
Foresters, L. O. Fraser, C. R.  
Good Samaritans, Adolphus English, W. C.  
Knights of Pythias, E. A. Pitt.  
Masons: English, C. V. Lindo, R. W. M.; Spanish, Julio Godt' ki, R. W. M.  
Mechanics.  
Odd Fellows.  
Shepherds.

**HOSPITALS**—  
Charity.  
Costa Rica Railway.  
United Fruit Co.

**HOTELS**—  
Gran Hotel.  
Hotel Arrasty.

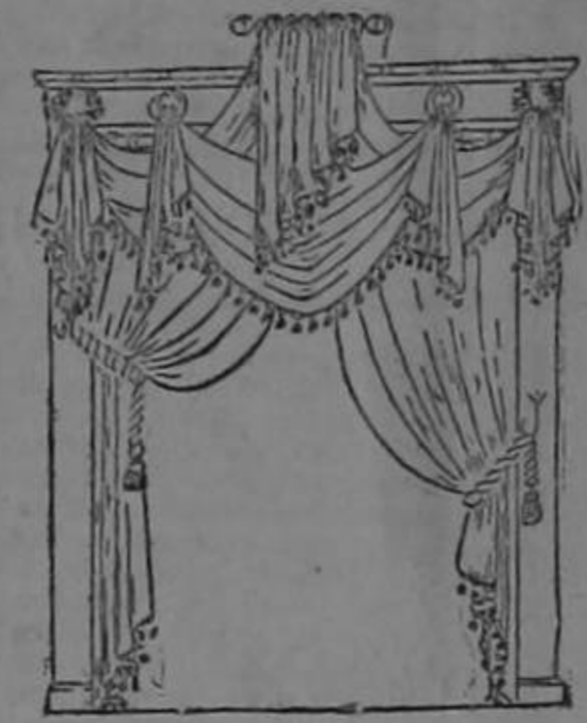
"IN THE LITTLE OLD TOWN."

It's none of your crowded city streets, Where the rush and bustle are, And the signs of constant movement...

to avoid exposure. At length all was still again save the heavy breathing of the victim. The innkeeper arose to his feet moved cautiously to the bedside...



Arrangement of Drapery. The keynote of the interior of the house beautiful forms its character in the artistic arrangement of the draperies...



ARTISTIC DRAPERIES.

arrangement should give the form of an idea. This is as important as it is to produce a harmonious color scheme...

The illustration presents a scheme to make a high door look lower and yet maintain its stately appearance. The material used is fifty inches wide and any practical draper can cut and drape it.

A Quaint Piece of Furniture.

Washington Irving plays the part of namesake to this quaint and cozy settle. Hence we cannot but fancy it is intended for the library. It must be admitted, however, that it will be equally admirable in hall or living room...

more so severely plain, and have an allit adding, but this one is a quiet, snuff-colored mahogany and is decidedly away from the run-of-the-mill effects.

The Ideal Kitchen.

The kitchen is indeed the laboratory of a house. It is the source of the health, comfort, and, one might say, happiness of the household.

The ideal kitchen should have a tiled floor, one covered with linoleum. The walls should, if possible, be tiled or of red-finished plaster.

The furnishings of the chimney should be complete and should consist of numerous shelves holding boxes for kitchen supplies.

The rudimentary suggestions will probably sound rather superfluous to the expert housekeeper, but they may prove of value to the numberless ones who do not observe these first principles.

Win a kitchen is so attractive that a member of the family will take the sewer into a cozy corner of it such a kitchen must be an ideal one.

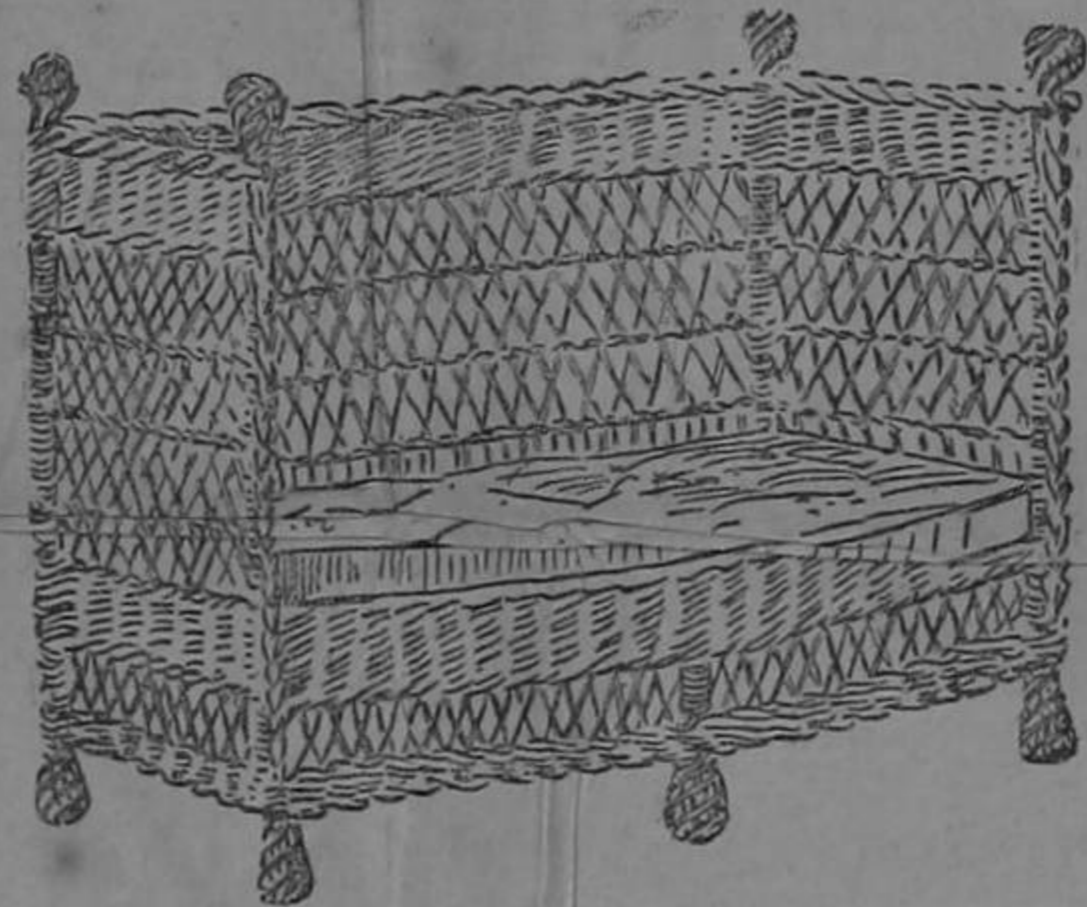
To Exterminate Mice.

Sto up the mouse holes with corks dipped into carbolic acid and scrub the floor and shelves with diluted carbolic acid in the proportion of a tablespoonful to a bucket of water...

A Wise Old Mouse.

"When we think of mice it is usually of the trouble they cause us; we are not apt to credit the rodents with much intelligence."

Admirable For the Hall.



green is much more attractive in most eyes for the general run of summer furnishing. Of course the delft blue will be a very happy touch in a Dutch room...

A Colonial Mirror.

In securing the proper atmosphere with the reproductions of charming Colonial interiors, so often nowadays in the modern house, the necessary quaint old cabinets, or shaped couches and tables, old iron closets



A TYPICAL COLON MIRROR.

and presses, or tall chests, grandfathers' clock, etc., these, not only lighter in color, but as consistent with a trend and to be ornamental as well, used a number of mirrors, any of the Colonial design.

One of the best bits of these mirrors is shown here. Often these



A National Problem.

It is claimed by some that the building of roads is strictly a local matter, that the benefits are entirely local...

The aim of the people in those countries is to make their grand mountains, their beautiful lakes, their lovely valleys, their castles and monuments easily accessible by means of fine, hard, smooth roads.

What a contrast appears when we turn to our own country. We have the finest scenery in the world in the great mountains of the West, but it is practically inaccessible.

But the natural attractions of our country are not the only things which are made inaccessible by the lack of good roads. Our places of historic interest are mostly in the same category.

But after all the encouragement of travel is not the most important reason for building of good roads. They are absolutely necessary for the prosperity and happiness of the people.

"I found that the trap was all right, but the hole in the wall had been closed from inside. I pulled the filling out. It was not easy work, for it had been evidently put there to stay, and was made of bits of plaster and rubbish."

Dairy Farmers in Line.

Secretary Chas. Y. Knight, of the National Dairy Union, recently expressed himself as follows concerning the Brownlow bill:

"In company with hundreds of thousands of other people throughout the United States, I am very much interested in this bill. I have just returned from a tour of Italy, France and England, where I had an opportunity to observe the character of the roads in those countries."

"The National Dairy Union is organized throughout the North in every Congressional district which has any amount of agricultural constituency, and I am firmly of the opinion that the progressive farmers who are dairymen will be in favor of the bill for national aid."

A luxury sometimes develops into a necessity before we know it.

THIS HEN REARED KITTENS.

The Latter in Turn Adopted Traits of the Hen.

Some years ago my attention was called to a hen that had adopted a litter of kittens. When I first saw them they had got their eyes open. Every day I spent an hour or more watching the old hen and her strange family.

I noticed that the kittens as they became older failed to play like kittens taught by a mother cat, and their voices remained weak and thin. In many ways they showed a lack of cat teaching.

Why Mary Did Not Sing. An able, but easily embarrassed and somewhat absent-minded young teacher was about to begin a singing lesson day when a knock at the schoolroom door interrupted proceedings.

One of her pupils, Mary Holmes, a somewhat shy girl, had a good alto voice, and the teacher was anxious that she should display it to advantage.

"Now, Mary," she said encouragingly, "when I count four you be sure to sing. Attention, children!" raising her baton.

Mary had risen and was shyly twisting her fingers. "Please, Miss Brooks," she said breathlessly, "you told me to sing when you counted four, and you only count just to three every time."

Music Heard in Moro.

Moro music is strangely unorthodox to European ears, says a writer in Everybody's Magazine. It consists mainly of a monotonous reiteration of sound, even a supposed change of air being almost imperceptible to an ear unaccustomed to the barbarous lack of tone.

Honesty.

Honesty doesn't really amount to much until it has been tried out.

CRIME AND RETRIBUTION. BY LAWRENCE LESLIE.

IN the summer, many years ago, Colonel Kenyon, a young son of Lord Kenyon, was cruising in a small yacht off the coast of Ireland, when he was overtaken by a sudden storm, the little craft capsized, and all his companions were drowned.

The booty obtained from the person of the colonel, and from his baggage, which had washed ashore, consisted of some very rare and valuable jewelry, rings, pins, a watch inlaid with diamonds and other costly ornaments.

Colonel Kenyon expressed himself satisfied and dropped the subject; in fact, however, he was far from being satisfied with the matter in the hands of the authorities.

Early the next morning the Sheriff made his appearance, and father and daughter were both placed under arrest. A search of the premises brought to light several articles of jewelry which the Colonel identified beyond a shadow of doubt.

At his trial the accused reiterated his previous confession, and was convicted and duly executed. A large portion of the property was secured by Colonel Kenyon, who settled £150 upon the orphaned daughter of the criminal.

A letter which recently appeared in the Morning Post of Delhi throws a lurid light upon the effects of the climate at Aden. The term of service at Aden for the Indian departments has hitherto been two years; but the Indian Inspector-General of Ordnance has lately reduced the term to one year for his department.

At this display of wealth the innkeeper's eyes sparkled, and the stranger was cordially invited to make the inn his home so long as he found it desirable and convenient, which invitation was promptly accepted.

The sight of the stranger's gold had fired the cupidity of the innkeeper, and no sooner had the man retired than he began to speculate on the surest and safest means of possessing himself of the gold.

His family, which consisted of his wife and a little daughter, but six years old, were requested to retire early, and were soon asleep. A little after midnight he cautiously entered the room where the doomed man was sleeping; and just then the weary traveler turned uneasily, and the assassin crouched tremblingly in the darkness

CURRENT ITEMS (Contd.)

THREE deaths in this unhealthy port during the past week, one of them an infant. Limón will surely lose her reputation if the death rate keeps as low as this very long.

PREPARATIONS have already commenced for the installation here of the DeForrest Wireless Telegraph system between this port and Bocas del Toro.

MR. THOS. F. COCHENOUR and Mr. Chas. T. Cochenaour, who have been visiting their Canadian home for several months, returned by the "Taunton" on Thursday last.

IN the recent drawing of the San José lottery Mr. T. H. Penny and Dr. E. A. Friis are each reported to have won a fourth of the capital prize of C5000.

THE total duties collected at the various Custom Houses in Costa Rica during the six months April to September this year exceeded by C400,000 those collected during the same period last year.

DR. MAURO AGUILAR will leave by the Atlas steamer on Monday for New York on six weeks leave of absence. His brother, Dr. Manuel, will take charge of the United Fruit Company's hospital in the meanwhile.

DURING the past week, says "La Republica", there arrived in Limón a new locomotive for the Pacific railroad, which is the largest in this country. It weighs 42 tons, and is said to have cost placed in Limón \$14,000 American gold.

THE Rev. Stephen Witt is suffering from a serious attack of black-water fever, which caused his friends considerable anxiety during the past week. Yesterday, however, we are pleased to report, a change for the better took place, and under the care of Dr. Steggall it is expected he will pull through all right.

THE Royal Mail steamer will leave here for Jamaica via Colombian ports on Wednesday Cheques on the Colonial Bank for remittance by this steamer

MR. ED. S. BEALE, who for several years has been engaged with the United Fruit Co. and the Northern Railroad, left here for the States by the s. s. "Bound Brook" on Tuesday last. His friends here will be glad to know that the rumor with regard to his remaining in the States is not true, and that he has not forsaken Costa Rica altogether.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE.—Members are reminded that no payment of Assessment No. 54, Chas. Lang, will be received after eight o'clock on Monday evening the 19th inst. This being the first death that has occurred in eight months, members will require no excuse for non-payment within the limit.

"YEs", said a friend to us the other day, "if the improvement anticipated in the drainage system in this port is only effected, next year the United States will have no occasion to send quarantine officers to this country, except for the purpose of using up funds appropriated by the State authorities for that purpose."

MR. W. L. JANEY, Engineer of the Northern Railroad, and Mr. O. L. Kirtley, were passengers arriving here by the "Beverly" from New York on Saturday last. Mr. Kirtley, we understand, will be engaged in this port for several months in connection with the installation of wireless telegraphy by the United Fruit Company.

MASONIC.—The Masonic Funeral rites in memory of the late Mr. G. W. Titzck were performed at the Union Fraternal Lodge in this port on Sunday evening under the presidency of Bro. Julio Godinski, and in the presence of a large number of brethren from both Union Fraternal and Phoenix Lodges. Orations were delivered by Brn. P. H. Juliao P. W. M., Z. Chaves and M. Lesser.

IN our advertising columns in this issue will be found an advertisement of the Cia. de Agencias de Costa Rica Limitada, who have opened a branch in this port in the building of Messrs. Gallo y De Agostini formerly occupied by the United Fruit Company. In addition to the despatch and forwarding of merchandise, the

Company undertakes the purchase of fruits etc. The branch here is under the management of Mr. Max Diermissen.

TEN young Italians are walking from Buenos Aires to New York, having started from Buenos Aires on January 20th. They are at present crossing the Argentine frontier, after which they will traverse Peru, Ecuador, Colombia and Costa Rica, and through the Central American Republics and Mexico to the States. The object of the journey is to study the political, industrial and commercial conditions of the countries through which they travel.—El Dia.

MUTUAL Life Assurance.—A public meeting of members and friends of the Society will take place at the Wesleyan Schoolroom on Thursday evening October 22nd at eight o'clock. A brief report of the Society's progress since its re-organization will be presented by the Treasurer, and it is hoped every member of the society and others desirous of becoming members will attend. Applications for membership will be received at this meeting, and payment will be made of the Assessment No. 54 on the death of Charles Lang.

IN another column we reproduce from the "London Times" a somewhat lengthy article referring to a question between Archdeacon Hendrick of Panama, and the Acting British Consul on the Isthmus, relative to the right of British subjects in foreign countries to hoist the Union Jack over their residences. The Foreign Office supported the Consul in the position he took, but it would be interesting to know what their decision would have been had the Acting Consul appealed to the Foreign Office prior to invoking the aid of the Colombian authorities. Apart from the rights of the matter, it seems to us a little out of place for a British Consul to ask the aid of a foreign authority in damping the patriotic ardor of a British subject residing in that country.

OUR Editor will leave for Jamaica by the s. s. "Altaí" on Monday November 2nd., returning by the Royal Mail due here Wednesday, November 18th. During his absence the "Weekly News" will be opened for the reception of contributions from its readers, and for all matter used, payment will be made at the rate of two and a half cents per line. At the same time we do not promise to publish everything we receive; we reserve the right to use our own discretion, and shall only pay for what we publish. All copy should be handed in at this office not later than five o'clock on Thursday in each week. The name of each contributor will be inserted with the article if so desired, but in any case each contribution must be accompanied with the name and address of the writer.

MADRE DE DIOS. Two Spanish men were walking from Cimarones to Madre de Dios on Saturday night last, when one of them named Pedro, a Colombian, attacked his comrade inflicting several serious wounds causing blood to flow freely.

ZENT JUNCTION. A GRAND PICNIC.—A Grand Picnic will take place here on Monday November 16th. A select band of music will be in attendance, and refreshments of all kinds will be sold on the grounds. Every kind of game and sport will be indulged in, and a jolly time is guaranteed. Admission: Adults 50 cts., Children 25 cts.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT. INSTALLATION AN ACTUAL FACT. It is with much pleasure that we have to congratulate the United Fruit Company on the completion and very successful installation of the Electric Light in this port. A preliminary trial was made during the festivities of September 15th, but it was not until the night of Wednesday last that the old oil lamps were actually discarded. During the first two or three nights the turning on of the current was met with an outburst of enthusiasm by the people on the streets, who seemed just as proud as if they alone were responsible for the improved condition of things. The plant, which is the Edison three-wire system, was installed by Mr. J. Mathis, representing the General Electric Co., while Mr. M. Musgrave has now the entire charge of the system, with Mr. W. Hunt as Assistant with the outside work and house installation. We do not know what candle power the arc lamps are supposed to be, but not only are our streets better lighted than in any other city in this country, but the

light appears to us superior to the majority of those we have seen used in the cities of the United States. The United Fruit Company's building, which is lighted throughout, is quite a picture in itself, and the offices of the Northern Railroad, the Government House and the Hotel are also beautifully lighted, the latter presenting quite a fairy-like appearance. We have long felt that light in tropical countries would make life so much more bright and cheerful in the evenings, but in the electric light we now have a splendid substitute.

CHURCH ITEMS. The Rev. James Hayr will preach at the Limón Baptist church to-morrow morning, and at the Wesleyan in the evening.

A special service will be held at St. Mark's Church to-morrow at 3 p. m., when prizes will be awarded to the children of the Sunday School, and anthems rendered by the choir.

Missionary sermons will be preached at the Wesleyan Church to-morrow. In addition to the usual Sunday services there will be served at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. On Monday evening the Missionary Meeting will take place when several gentlemen will give addresses. Those interested in Missionary work are cordially invited to all these services.

San José Lottery. Winning numbers in the Drawing which took place at San José on the 11th inst. FIRST PRIZE, No. 0219 FIVE THOUSAND COLONS.

Table with 3 columns: Winning numbers, Prizes, and Amounts. Includes numbers like 00021 C. 100, 00037 < 20, 00146 < 200, etc.

NOTE.—In addition, every ticket whose number terminated in 9, (that is to say, the last figure of the number obtaining the First Prize) is entitled to a Prize of Three Colons.

Sensational And Lying Telegram (?) Published In Many American Papers.

CALUMNIOUS STORY SENT OUT FROM ALLEGED MEXICO CITY NEWS AGENCY AN ATROCIOUSLY MALICIOUS LIEB.

Sensational articles based on a pretended telegram from this city have appeared in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, New York World, Chicago Chronicle, etc., accusing the lottery companies established here of systematic frauds, and charging that the wife of a high personage had, improperly, received two principal prizes. The assumed local authority for this wildly inaccurate and defamatory story is a gentleman residing here in one of the leading hotels, a capitalist of unimpeachable reputation. He is made to figure as the "detective" who has unearthed the "corruption" alleged to exist in the management of the lotteries. Needless to say, this gentleman has nothing to do with this matter, and the use of his name is calumnious and wholly unwarranted.

This journal does not publish lottery advertisements and so may speak with entire impartiality. There are two lottery companies here, one under direct control of the government and the other under a strict official inspection. There is no suspicion of fraud in their management. Further, as regard the alleged drawing of two great prizes by a lady, the wife of a high personage, this is a reckless and wanton lie, which all good citizens will desire to see traced to its author who should receive exemplary punishment. It is said in the telegram (probably a concoction sent by mail) published in the Chicago Chronicle, that the "earnings of the two lottery companies here are just \$25,000,000 a year," and that "members of the ring" divide \$18,000,000 a year among themselves! This is, of course, absurd.

The sensational telegram (?) mentioned has been made the basis of articles in the editorial columns of various American papers which have been grossly deceived. They should take example of the Philadelphia North American which sometime ago, being deceived by an unscrupulous, "fake" correspondent, hunted him down and sent him to prison. It is hard to understand how journals with any pretensions to reliability should publish news so transparently mendacious and

calumnious. All respectable Americans resident in this country will be glad to hear that the author of this story has been hunted down and properly punished.

The self confessed author of the above mentioned brutal and utterly malicious attacks, is one F. P. Savinien, who conducts an alleged news bureau in this city. The case presenting a cause for criminal libel, pure and simple of the grossest and most exaggerated sort, the author was yesterday summoned to appear before Judge Espinosa, of the first correctional court, to answer to the charges made against him.

In his first declaration before the judge, the author, had the effrontery to deny having written the articles in question, in the face of the fact that he had previously openly boasted of having sent the story out, defending its calumnious mendacity with the statement that the papers he was writing for in the United States cared not so much for the truth as for sensational stories of the yellowest kind. Now, however, that he finds he has transgressed the law in the most flagrant manner, he hastens, although entirely too late, to attempt to clear his skirts by a brazen denial of the whole thing. In the eyes of the law, and in the face of common decency it is impossible to see, however, how such a denial can help his case, serving rather to make it more grave, since his declaration before the judge was a sworn statement.

Every decent, self respecting American resident in Mexico, will appreciate at once how hurtful and prejudicial to their interests is the presence here of a man whose labours directly and indirectly tend to breed trouble and to strain the most friendly relations, who is interested merely in writing the most flagrant sensations for the money and cheap notoriety which they may bring him, and who cares absolutely nothing for the truth nor the consequences, and who knows nothing of the dictates of self respect.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions and views expressed by our correspondents, nor do we undertake to return manuscripts addressed to us. Correspondents in all cases must give their names not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

IS THE SEVENTH DAY THE SABBATH?

TO THE EDITOR, Limon Weekly News.

Dear Mr. Editor: We have recently had our attention called to the Saturday Sabbatarians and also an article by a Saturday Sabbatarian. What does it all mean? Where are we? are we under Law, or under Grace, or are we in a dispensation somewhere between Law and Grace. It seems a pity at this time of day, men should attempt to put the clock backward. Many hearts are pained that these new Teachers come in among the Churches and trouble the minds of the people. That unless we according to their ideas keep Saturday Sabbath, we cut ourselves out from the covenant mercies of God. I have read some where that Saturday is equivalent to Sabbath, is not this purely an assumption without a particle of proof. "Because God rested the seventh day of creation which day most people now believe to have been millenniums, and because the command is that we shall keep the (or each) seventh day a Sabbath, they have set upon the seventh day of our week as being the specific seventh day of rest: which has no foundation in reason or fact. Sunday is no less the seventh day than is Saturday, and there is very strong and convincing proof that the original seventh day was upon man's first day, and so the first day of the week. Certain it is that nowhere in the scriptures is Sabbath said to be the seventh day of the week, and not a hint that it is confined to Saturday.

It has been also said that to confine the Sabbath to any given hours, is first an impossibility, and second an absurdity. In London, Eng., the day begins and ends here, and when any given day begins or ends is purely a matter of human agreement you cannot tell which day of the week it is on the opposite side of the world. Starting at any moment that separates two days twelve o'clock midnight and following the day back eastward you will find it to be yesterday at the antipodes; you follow the day forward westward you will find it tomorrow at the same point.

Let the Christian go westward and the world keeping every seventh day of sunrise and sunset, and he get around he will find himself keeping Monday. Let him go in the same manner and he will keep Saturday as before; and we will have, not three Sundays, three Sabbaths coming together a Friday Sabbath, a Sunday Sabbath a Monday Sabbath. To obviate men have agreed at the 180 degree latitude in the Pacific Ocean in the east to drop out a day, and in the west to count one day twice. This one day might chance to be Sabbath, and if so they would have two Sabbaths in succession. Much more can be said, may be better, and would advise all Christian friends to be at the heart. The carrying out of the Lord's command, which command stands upon the Christian count-

is a remedy that will give quiet and effect a permanent cure. It is a remedy that will relieve pain and make expectation true. It is a remedy that will convert a tendency toward pneumonia. It is the best medicine that is known. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It cures all Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, and all other lung troubles. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ages. It is sold everywhere. Price 25 cents per bottle. Prepared by Chamberlain, Small's Pharmacy, Lowell, Mass. U. S. A.

WE have just received the following patent medicines which we are offering at very reduced prices; Canadian Healing Oil (Genuine) C1.40 per bot. Eno's Fruit Salt 2.00 " " Pain Killer 1.00 " " Indian Root Pills 75 " " Pomade Vaseline 60 " " Sanfords Liver Invigorator 4.50 " " Scotts Emulsions 90 " "

Oil in Colombia. "The most wonderful oil field that I have seen, that is so far undeveloped is that of Colombia," said Dr. C. F. Z. Caracristi, in the St. Charles, yesterday. "It extends for 200 miles along the Caribbean coast and its fresh-water tributaries. Conditions are not problematic, as the geological structure may be seen, and very thin layers of alluvial soil cover the rock formation. I am highly impressed by what I have seen in the region, and more so by the actual tests which I had opportunities of practicing. "Of course, I am now speaking of a subject with which I am more than ordinarily familiar in a professional way. I am earnestly of the impression that, next to the Russian field, that of Colombia is the most important so far discovered in the younger geological formations. "I am of the opinion that the companies that have employed me to investigate this subject will do much to control the world's oil supply if the fields are ever developed. These fields will some day startle the world, as did Texas. I have but little to say in regard to values, as I am not a promoter, nor do I desire in my public utterances to advance any personal interests."—Daily Picayune.

OIL IN COLOMBIA.

FOR SALE OR LEASE. Several houses close to the Northern Railway Station. Capable of producing One hundred Colons per month. Offers for the purchase or lease for a number of years can be made at the office. p. 3.10.03.

CASA DE ALQUILER.

Se arrienda una por largo tiempo propia para una familia, con comedor, cocina, baño y patio. Tambien se arriendan algunos muebles. Ocurrase a la Libreria de F. M. H. Wood, donde se informará. 26.9.03.

FOR RENT.

A HOUSE in Limon with every accommodation for a family, including kitchen, bath room, out offices &c. Several pieces of furniture are included. For further information please apply to WOOD'S BOOK STORE. 26.9.03.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A good opportunity for purchasing a first-class typewriter on easy terms. Will arrive at Wood's Book Store from the States on Wednesday next, Price \$65 gold cash, or will accept down and \$10 monthly. A second-hand machine in perfect condition as new, originally costing \$102.50 gold.

Every workman should possess a Keystone-Elgin Watch. For Five Dollars Gold he can obtain at Wood's Book Store a genuine Keystone watch with an Elgin movement. This is undoubtedly the cheapest watch ever placed on sale in this country. Call and see it. Agents on the line:—C. A. Shaw, Zent Junction; R. A. Heslop, Matina and George R. Morais, Guacimo, where samples may be seen and orders given.

Some things you may need and cannot find anywhere except at Wood's Book Store:—Cuff Holders, 50 cents per pair; Pocket Folding Scissors, 1; Tooth Brushes, English, 50 cents; Metal Match Safes 50 cents; Marshmallows, Chocolate or plain, fresh, 50 cents and 1.00; Marking Ink, 50 cents; Ink Pencils, 20 cents; Purses from 50 cents; Kropp's (genuine) Razors 5; Judson's Dyes, all colors, 50 cent and 1.00 Aspinall's Enamel, 50 cent, (Tire or Pim); Crochet Cotton, all colors, 25 cents per reel.

FOR LEASE OR RENT.

A House at Puita, front and back piazzas, land suitable for small farming. For Particulars apply at this office.

NOTICE.

NEARLY everybody has heard of JUREIDINI'S MANCHESTER HOUSE in San Jose, opposite La "BOTICA ORIENTAL"; this same house five months ago established a branch here in Limon, importing directly all goods from Manchester, England, twice monthly (by every Royal Mail steamer). Being encouraged by many of our friends and customers, we have the pleasure of informing the public in general that the prices henceforward will be as low as possible, and the goods will be of the best fashion; always fresh. Best quality of Egyptian Cigarettes for sale. Wholesale and retail. Just have a look at THE MANCHESTER HOUSE, M. & M. JUREIDINI San Jose & Limon, Costa Rica. 2. mibe 12. 9

NOTICE.

WE have just received the following patent medicines which we are offering at very reduced prices; Canadian Healing Oil (Genuine) C1.40 per bot. Eno's Fruit Salt 2.00 " " Pain Killer 1.00 " " Indian Root Pills 75 " " Pomade Vaseline 60 " " Sanfords Liver Invigorator 4.50 " " Scotts Emulsions 90 " "

LIMON MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE.

No. 54. Policy 1268 DIED—CHARLES E. LANG. The Assessment of One Colon payable by every member is now due on this policy and must be paid at the Treasurer's office (British Vice Consulate), not later than Monday, Oct. 19th, 1903. No payments will be accepted after date mentioned, and Members willing to pay within the limit specified will forfeit their Policy. The Treasurer will receive Assessments daily from 6.30 to 5.30 p. m., and on Sundays from 7 to 10 a. m. Members will please bring their last receipt when remitting assessments. F. M. H. WOOD, Secretary and Treasurer

Jos. Levy & Bros.

Manufactureros por Mayor de Papeleria y Objetos de escritorio.

Agentes para la venta de sacos de papel para empaquetar, papel de envolver en rollos ó en pliegos, impresos ó sin imprimir, y en general para todo lo concerniente á Impresores y libreros.

Especial atencion se prestará á las órdenes del exterior y se dan las mejores facilidades para la pronta ejecucion de los pedidos.

520, 522, 524 Common St., NEW ORLEANS, LA., U. S. A.

WOOD'S INTERNATIONAL MONEY TRANSFER SERVICE. UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CUBA, PORTO RICO, ETC. For the convenience of persons desiring to remit small sums to the United States, Mexico, Cuba or Porto Rico, where by amounts from \$2.50 to \$15 will be received and transmitted with absolutely no risk whatever to the sender; I accept all responsibility. The following are the rates which include postage and registration:

Table with 2 columns: Amount, Rate. Includes rows for 'Not exceeding \$2.50', 'Exceeding \$2.50 and not exceeding \$3.00', etc.

OTHER COUNTRIES. NOTE.—For an additional fee of twenty cents Costa Rica currency amounts not exceeding \$10 gold will be transmitted Great Britain and Ireland, Switzerland, Germany, Italy, Rarada, Belgium, Portugal, Sweden, Norway, Japan, Denmark, Netherlands, Republic of Honduras, Austria-Hungary, Hong Kong, Salvador, Chile, British Honduras, Greece, Bolivia, Russia etc. For amounts exceeding \$10 and under 15 a fee not extra. F. M. H. Wood.

UNITED FRUIT Co.

CALENDAR—OCT., 1903.

Calendar grid for October 1903 showing days of the week and dates from 1 to 31.

Deaths.

The following are the deaths recorded in Limon for week ending Oct. 16th, 1903:— Oct. 10.—Richard Dennis, English, 57. " 12.—Henry Ramsey, " 1. " 16.—José María Cerdas, Costa Rican, 40.

Death of Dr. Flores.

The illness of Dr. Flores, Ministro de Gobernacion, reported in last issue, terminated fatally at three o'clock last Sunday morning. The deceased statesman was beloved by all classes, and his funeral which took place at Heredia was attended by the Officers of State, the Consular Corps, and many prominent citizens of both San José and Heredia. President Esquivel was prevented from attending by an attack of influenza. In Limon, and throughout the country generally, flags were hoisted for three days at half mast on all the public offices and local Consulates.

LIMON MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE.

DIRECTORS' MEETING.

A meeting of Directors of the Limon Mutual Life Assurance Society took place at the Treasurer's office (Wood's Book Store) on Saturday evening last under the Presidency of Mr. W. J. Reid, with the following Directors in attendance:—Messrs. E. F. Grant, C. W. Grant, J. W. Allen, J. Stibbell, E. J. C. Webb, L. O. Fraser and F. M. H. Wood (Secretary and Treasurer).

NEW DIRECTOR.

The Treasurer reported that a vacancy in the Directorate had occurred in consequence of the policy of J. M. Goffe having been cancelled. On the motion of E. J. C. Webb seconded by L. O. Fraser Mr. S. Babb, an old Director, was unanimously re-appointed.

FIRST DEATH IN EIGHT MONTHS.

Since the death of Simon H. Boyd in January no death had occurred in the Society until that of Charles Lang, on which assessments were now being collected. The Treasurer congratulated the Directors on the good opportunity for new members to enrol themselves.

NEW MEMBERS.

The names of two new members were submitted and accepted.

GENERAL MEETING.

On the proposition of J. W. Allen seconded by L. O. Fraser, it was resolved to hold a public meeting of members on Thursday October 22nd, the Treasurer being instructed to approach Mr. Pitt for the purpose of obtaining the use of the Wesleyan school-room, and to request the local Ministers to announce the meeting from their pulpits on Sunday next.

NEXT DIRECTORS' MEETING.

An advertising bill for \$4.50 was passed for payment, and the Directors adjourned at 8.30, the date of the next Directors' meeting being left to the discretion of the Secretary and Treasurer.

The Union Jack in Foreign Countries.

The Ven. S. Purcell Hendrick, Rector of Christ Church Colon, and Archdeacon of Panama, writes to us at some length to complain that he has "been prevented by the local authorities of this town, at the request of his Majesty's Vice-Consul, to discontinue posting the Union Jack at my residence on Sundays and national holidays." He states that, acting on the permission given by Lord Knollys to the vicar of St. Michael's, Folkestone, at the time of the Coronation, that he could always fly the Union Jack, and also on the opinion expressed in The Times of September 18, 1902, to the effect that the Union Jack was the proper flag for private individuals to fly, he adopted the use of the Union Jack instead of the red ensign which he had been in the habit of using. To this action the British Vice-Consul took exception, whereupon Mr. Hendrick represented to him that if there was any "order" or "regulation" issued by the Foreign Office supporting his request, he would willingly comply. The Vice-Consul replied that he had no "order" or "regulation" from the Foreign Office prohibiting a private individual from flying the Union Jack. Mr. Hendrick then requested him to seek the directions of the Foreign Office on the subject, but this request was refused, and instead thereof the Vice-Consul appealed to the Prefect of the town to request Mr. Hendrick to discontinue hoisting the Union Jack at his residence. After repeated visits from the British Vice-Consul and undue pressure, as Mr. Hendrick alleges, the Prefect yielded to his request. Mr. Hendrick protested against this action of the Vice-Consul and referred the matter to the Foreign Office, receiving the following letter in reply:—

"Foreign Office, April 25, 1903. "Sir,—I am directed by the Marquis of Lansdowne to acknowledge the receipt, through the Acting British Consul at Colon, of your letter of the 5th ult. respecting the question of hoisting the Union Jack over your house in that place. I am to say that, having

regard to all the circumstances, Lord Lansdowne approves the action of the Acting Consul, and I am at the same time to point out to you that the flying of the Union Jack or of any other special flag in Colombia must be governed by Colombia's rather than by English law, and that it has in the present case been practically settled, in a manner which His Majesty's Government have not the right to dispute, by the application of the former law.

"I am, Sir, &c., "F. H. VILLIERS."

On this Mr. Hendrick comments as follows:—

"As you will observe, the question asked by me is entirely evaded, and the responsibility for my being prohibited from flying the Union Jack thrown upon the Colombian Government. It is true that there is a decree in this Republic prohibiting any foreigner from displaying the flags of their nationality, but it has never been enforced here, and had not the local authorities been worried by the British Vice-Consul, no exception would have been taken by them to my action. The position taken by the British Vice-Consul, supported as he is by the Foreign Office, is to my mind unjustifiable and untenable. What abuse have I made of the Union Jack that I should be called upon by him to haul down my national flag? Surely there is some English gentleman who, in the interests of justice and impartiality, will take the matter up in Parliament and have the question threshed out on its merits, and a definite answer given to my question. Lord Kitchener urged the people of South Africa not to make loyalty a matter of life and death, but what else will it be if loyalty is to be treated as mine has been? What good has my loyal sentiment done for me? For after all the flying of one's national flag is only a sentiment which perhaps is not fully appreciated by those who live at home, but which means a good deal to us who have to live in a foreign country."—The Times.

The Union Jack Question.

(The Times, Thursday, September 17.)

A new phase of the Union Jack—or, to be strictly accurate, the Union Flag—question, which gave rise to so animated a discussion last year, is presented by the letter from the Archdeacon of Panama, of which we print the more material parts elsewhere. Mr. Hendrick informs us that, acting on the permission given by Lord Knollys to the Vicar of St. Michael's, Folkestone, at the time of the coronation, that he could always fly the Union Jack, and also on the opinion expressed in The Times that the Union Jack was the proper flag for private individuals to fly, he adopted the Union Jack instead of the red ensign, which he had previously used, for display at his private residence on national and other appropriate occasions. To this the British Vice-Consul took exception, and, finding that Mr. Hendrick demurred to his objection, he adopted certain measures, on which we shall have something to say presently, for giving effect to his views. Now we may say that by private persons in foreign countries is a matter which presents some difficulties. By usage, sanctioned under the Order in Council of August 7, 1869, the Union Jack is the flag displayed in foreign countries by a British Consul to distinguish his residence. This does not necessarily imply that the same flag is not to be displayed on suitable occasions by other British subjects resident in the same locality, nor does there seem to be any order or regulation issued by the Foreign Office on the subject. But it is obvious that some inconvenience might arise in many cases, if the display of the Union Jack by private persons of British nationality resident in foreign parts became so frequent as to cheapen or confuse its official use by British official representatives.

This seems to us to be a case with which the Foreign Office might be expected to deal. But, since it has not dealt with it, we cannot but think that Mr. Hendrick was well within his right to request the Vice-Consul to seek the directions of the Foreign Office on the subject before requiring Mr. Hendrick to haul down the flag he held himself entitled to display. This natural and reasonable course, however, Mr. Hendrick states, the Vice-Consul did not think proper to pursue. On the contrary, we are told, he pursued the far more questionable course of putting pressure—undue pressure, as Mr. Hendrick alleges—on the Prefect of Colon to induce the latter to put in force an ordinance of the Colombian Government which prohibits the display of any foreign flag by private persons within the limits of its jurisdiction. Now it may be a question whether it was good taste on the part of Mr. Hendrick to disregard this prohibition in the first instance. It might very well be held that courtesy, if not duty, requires an alien resident in a foreign country scrupulously to obey the laws of that country, even though in the particular case the authorities take no steps to enforce them. But the fact that the Colombian authorities apparently never have enforced them, that they took no exception to the display of the red ensign by Mr. Hendrick, and never thought of taking exception to his display of the Union Jack until incited thereto with some insistence by the Vice-Consul, may perhaps be taken to abate this high doctrine in the particular case under consideration. Be this as it may, we certainly think that the Vice-Consul should have appealed in the first instance to his own Government, and to no other. Mr. Hendrick had promised compliance if he did, and if the ruling of the Foreign Office should be that his proceeding was out of order, the Vice-Consul might have represented that the proceeding was, at any rate, not in accordance with the Colombian law on the subject, and he might very well have insisted on the inconvenience that might be caused if all British residents abroad were allowed to display the flag which is the official symbol of British Consular residences. But if he appealed to the Colombian Government and not to his own, his action was, in our judgment, neither dignified nor politic. It turned the whole matter into an unseemly personal dispute, and it made a foreign Gov-

ernment, apparently against its will, the arbiter in that dispute. If British Consuls act in the manner described by Mr. Hendrick, they can hardly complain if their position is not exactly a bed of roses. We are by no means sure that it ought to be.

However, having failed to induce the Vice-Consul to appeal to the Foreign Office, Mr. Hendrick himself appealed to that tribunal. The answer he received is printed in extenso elsewhere. No answer was given to the specific question whether or not a British subject resident abroad is entitled to avail himself of the permission given by Lord Knollys on behalf of the KING in the Folkestone case, though a plain man might think that this was really the only material question at issue, and one which it was expedient, in the interest alike of national dignity and national convenience, to decide one way or the other, and once for all. On the other hand, Mr. Hendrick was informed that, "having regard to all the circumstances, Lord Lansdowne approves the action of the Acting Consul," and further "that the flying of the Union Jack 'or of any other special flag in Colombia must be governed by Colombia rather than by English law, and that it has in the present case been practically settled, in a manner which His Majesty's Government have not the right to dispute, by the application of the former law.' Very pretty pettifoggery, to be sure! The side issue, about which there was practically no dispute, and about which nobody can be expected to care a button, is decided with due official solemnity; but the material issue is ignored altogether, or, if any one prefers Mr. Hendrick's word 'evaded,' we can take no exception to the preference. Moreover, the statement that 'Lord Lansdowne approves the action of the Acting Consul' is truly amazing. We know nothing about the ARCHDEACON OF PANAMA beyond what he tells us himself, and just a little about the Vice-Consul at Colon. Very possibly the dispute might never have arisen if the one had had more tact and the other more discretion. But, if this is the way in which the Foreign Office is to deal with a dispute petty and personal in itself perhaps, but involving issues which affect the sentiment of the whole Empire and the dignity of the national flag, we can hardly wonder at its frequent failure to understand and represent the national feeling in much more important matters.

Panama Canal.

CONFERENCE HELD AT WHITE HOUSE.

(From Times Democrat.)

Washington, Oct. 7.—Secretary Hay was in consultation with the President for an hour to-day on the Panama Canal complication.

William Nelson Cromwell of New York, representing the French Panama Canal Company, was also a distinguished contributor. The Government's position is still in question, and, in the opinion of the French company, is liable to act favourably through the passage of the bill authorizing the President of that country to negotiate a new treaty upon terms which would be acceptable to the President and Senate of the United States.

Other observers in administration circles see little hope for any favorable outcome, since the canal question at Bogota is subordinated so completely to local political quarrels. Inside reports show that the Colombian Senators are not so much against the canal as against the government. They are a provincial class of men, and have small interest in the welfare of the State of Panama.

President Roosevelt inclines to a liberal view of the discretion reposed in him by the Spooner act, and to interpret "reasonable time" in the light of South American practices. He will not act hastily. He was originally neutral between the canal routes, but on the testimony of engineers in whom he has confidence he has come to have strong preference for Panama, and will very reluctantly consider the other route. He has made no decision as to the recommendation for his December message on this subject, but is hoping that something more definite upon which to speak may develop between now and that time.

Mr. Cromwell, speaking for the French interests, is exceedingly desirous that the administration take steps toward Nicaragua until the full opportunity has been given to settlement with the Colombians. He thinks there is still hope.

CANAL TREATY READY.

Bogota, Oct. 5, via Buenaventura, Oct. 7.—Senator Rivas Groot, who was commissioned to report on the canal treaty, says his report is ready and will be presented to the Senate to-morrow in secret session, he desiring first to know what impression it makes on the Senate. Senator Groot believes the present treaty is unconstitutional, but he thinks the treaty could have been negotiated with slight modifications.

Senator Rivas Groot, in his report, says he anxiously wishes the canal to be built, but in harmony with the actual Constitution of Colombia. He adds that the proposed changes in the Constitution would meet with invincible resistance.

MR. CROMWELL'S VISIT.

Washington, Oct. 7.—William Nelson Cromwell, the attorney of the Panama Canal Company, had an interview with President Roosevelt to-day, during which the status of the Panama Canal treaty was discussed pretty thoroughly. It is understood that the President, while listening attentively to the statements of Mr. Cromwell, did not indicate what his line of policy would be. It can be said that the President will discuss the matter fully in his message to the regular session of Congress, upon which already he is doing some work. Prior to that, unless the conditions should change materially, no authorized statement will be made concerning the ques-



Wet Shipping List.

FOREIGN COMING WEEK.

Table with columns: STR., DATE, FROM. Lists ships arriving from various ports like Savanilla, Colon, Boston, New York, New Orleans, Colon, and New York.

Table with columns: STR., DATE, FOR. Lists ships departing to various ports like New Orleans, New York, Boston, New York, New Orleans, Colon, and New York.

ARRIVED.

Oct. 6.—6 a.m. s.s. "Amstel" Hollander, 26 crew and 1057 tons register, from Cardiff. No passengers nor correspondence. Cargo: coal and materials for the Costa Rica Railroad, assigned to the Costa Rica Rail Co.

Oct. 7.—8.20 p.m. s.s. "Watson" Americ, c. List, 38 crew and 1237 tons register, from New Orleans. Passengers: Lieute Basigo and C. A. Piedra. Cargo: wood, 38 sacks and 5 packets correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 5.—8.30 p.m. s.s. "Brewster" German, c. Korff, 32 crew and 828 tons register, from Boston. No passengers, cargo nor correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 7.—4.40 a.m. s.s. "Tagus" English, c. Sanger, 159 crew and 3056 tons register, from Colon. Passengers: Eline Bonner, Francis Hoole, Juan Madriz, Harry Pogson and 58 deckers. 111 bales cargo, 16 sacks and 18 packet correspondence. Consigned to F. J. Alvarado and Co.

Oct. 9.—A 5.30 a.m. s.s. "Montserrat" Spanish, c. Lavin 110 crew and 2305 tons register, from Havana. Passengers: Jose Firat, Angel Caballero, Julio Terol, Felipe Herrero Garcia, Ramerindo G. and Isidro Araúz. General cargo, 3 sacks and 1 packet correspondence. Consigned to F. J. Alvarado and Co.

Oct. 9.—At 9 a.m. s.s. "Olympia" English, c. Galt, 38 crew and 1070 tons register, from New Orleans. Passengers: W. Borowitz, Anne, Anne, Loren, Leslie, James and John Downs, So Christina, Sor Edgar and V. Tusson. General cargo, 16 sacks correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 8.—At 5.45 a.m. s.s. "Altai" German, c. Godes, from Carthagens. 3 passengers general cargo, 4 sacks and 3 packet correspondence. Consigned to L. Wichmann.

Oct. 15.—At 10 a.m. s.s. "Taunton" Norwegian, c. Ellepsen, 886 tons register from New Orleans. Passengers: I. Nickels, Marie Nickels, Maximino Erán, Victoria de Terán, Thos. F. Joehenaur, Oos. T. Cochenaur. General cargo, 7 sacks correspondence. Consigned to the U. F. Co.

Oct. 14.—At 9 a.m. s.s. "Chickaloma" English, c. Jones, 47 crew and 821 tons register, from Kingston. Passenger: John Sackville. Cargo: No correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 13.—At 8.45 a.m. s.s. "Brighton" Norwegian, c. Krogh, 23 crew and 715 tons register, from New Orleans. Passenger: miel Flesser. General cargo: 49 sacks correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 12.—At 10 p.m. s.s. "Beverly" English, c. Siders, 38 crew and 872 tons register, from New York. Passengers: J. I. Gault, W. D. Jainey and O. L. Kiley general cargo No correspondence. Consigned to the U. F. Co.

Oct. 12.—At 2 a.m. s.s. "Bound Brook" German, c. Bock 31 crew and 829 tons register, from Boston. No passengers or correspondence. General cargo. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 10.—At 6.15 a.m. s.s. "Alleghany" German, c. Haase 78 crew and 1606 tons register, from Greytown. 12 passengers 170 bales cargo 5 sacks correspondence. Consigned to L. Wichman.

SAILED.

Oct. 8.—At 5 a.m. s.s. "Watson" American, c. List, 38 crew and 1237 tons register, from New Orleans. No passengers. Cargo: 22,000 bunches bananas, 1 sack correspondence. Des-

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM has an enviable reputation as a cure for rheumatism. Andant testimony is at hand to show its wonderful efficacy in curing this painful and treacherous ailment. The Balm is a liniment and is unequalled as a speedy cure for sprains, bruises, burns and scalds. One application gives relief. Try it. Limon INTERNATIONAL PHARMACY sells it.—26 & 11, 03.

patched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 7.—At 4.30 p.m. s.s. "Tagus" English, c. Stranger, 159 crew and 3056 tons register, for Colombian Ports. Passengers: Isaac Julio, Arturo Rosales, James Phillips, Enrique Martinez, Alfonso Lopez, James Taylor, Luther Enriquez, Emma Milwone and child, Elizabeth Anderson, Catalina M. Gallardo and Marcos Daiz. Cargo: 6 sacks skin and 1 bale turtle shell. 4 sacks and 2 packets correspondence. Despatched by F. J. Alvarado and Co.

Oct. 7.—At 4.30 p.m. s.s. "Altai" German, c. Godes, 76 crew and 1584 tons register, for New York. Passengers: Luis N. Castro and wife, José Antonio Lara, and Miss Sara Mens and child for New York, and 97 for Kingston. Cargo: 63 sacks coffee, 206 bales skin, 3 bales old copper, 1 sack hide, 3 bales coach, 1 box of money and 19,800 bunches bananas. 5 sacks and 1 packet correspondence. Despatched by L. Wichmann.

Oct. 6.—At 7.30 p.m. s.s. "Brewster" German, c. Korff, 22 crew and 828 tons register for Boston. Passenger: Hector Vargas. Cargo: 22,102 bunches bananas. No correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 1.—At 12.30 p.m. s.s. "Greenbrier" English, c. Blower for Manchester. Passengers: Miss G. Stevens and Louis Mole. Cargo: 35,637 bunches bananas. No correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 2.—At 4.30 p.m. s.s. "Taunton" Norwegian, c. Ellepsen for New Orleans. No passengers. Cargo: 13,000 bunches bananas. 6 sacks correspond-

dence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 3.—At 1 a.m. s.s. "Calabria" German, c. Looft for Boca del Toro. No passengers. Cargo: 2 sacks hide. 4 sacks and 2 packets correspondence. Despatched by L. Wichmann.

Oct. 3.—At 12 m. s.s. "Beacon" Norwegian, c. Pettersen for New Orleans. No passengers. Cargo: 12,158 bunches bananas. 1 sack correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 12.—At 4 p.m. s.s. "Olympia" English, c. Galt, 38 crew and 1070 tons register, for New Orleans. No passengers. Cargo: 22,000 bunches bananas and 56 boxes of oranges & sacks correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 14.—At 12 p.m. s.s. "Bound Brook" German, c. Bock 31 crew and 829 tons register, for Boston. Passengers: E. J. Beale and E. J. Quesada. Cargo: 24,000 bunches bananas. No correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 11.—At 5 p.m. s.s. "Beverly" English, c. Siders, 32 crew and 872 tons register, for New Orleans. No passengers nor correspondence. Cargo: 13,500 bunches bananas. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Oct. 12.—At 4 p.m. s.s. "Alleghany" German, c. Haase, crew and 1606 tons register, for New York. Passenger: F. Kriebel. Cargo: 70 bales skin, 48 sacks coffee, 7 bales hide, 1 box Carey, 1 bale saraparilla and 20,000 bunches bananas, 4 sacks correspondence. Despatched by L. Wichmann.

COMPANIA DE AGENCIAS DE COSTA RICA LIMITADA. PUNTARENAS, SAN JOSE, LIMON, SANTO DOMINGO DE SAN MATEO.

THE re-organization of this Company, possessing to-day its own launches, barges, warehouses and other indispensable elements, places us in a position to afford prompt and expeditious service for embargoes, despatches and despatch of merchandise in general, in Puntarenas and Limon. Special care will be taken of every commission entrusted to us, as well as the purchase and sale of fruits, Letters of Exchange, Transmission of money, etc., etc. AGENT IN LIMON: MAX DIERMISSEN. GENERAL MANAGER: MANUEL BARAHONA. 1 m 17.10.03.

SAN JOSE. HOTEL & RESTAURANT CENTRAL. CAVALLINI & VIVIANI, PROPRIETORS. Single Rooms and Suites of Rooms for Families, Excellent Cuisine, the first in Costa Rica. Cauten well supplied with Wines and Liqueurs imported direct. Banquets and Balls a specialty. Prices beyond competition. The proprietors are constantly waiting for you. 4m 17.

FOR SALE CHEAP. Everything suitable for fitting up a first class Hotel, including TABLES, CHAIRS, CROCKERY, BEDS, COTS, TABLE LINEN, TOWELS, NAPKINS, STOVES and COOKING UTENSILS, CUTLERY, etc. Apply WOOD'S BOOK STORE. NOTE.—An entirely new Bar and Ice Chest. 4 ins, 17.10.03

HYDRO-CARBOLINE. Twenty-five quart bottles of first class disinfectant for 50 cents. A Quart Bottle of pure HYDRO-CARBOLINE for 50 cents. HYDRO-CARBOLINE to be used: diluted 25 times.

By permission of the Minister, this is sold at nearly cost price (without duties.) Any quantity left after the expenses have been paid will be handed over to the Municipality for public use. May be obtained at the office of Dr. Stegall, Government Physician. p. 10.10.03.

CULPEPPER. Residents of Culpepper, Pacuarito and Cimarrones, are now given splendid opportunity for purchasing one of the best assortments of TWEEDS, BLUE and BLACK VENETIANS ever received on the lines. JOHN BOLES. Culpepper Commissary.

RENTAL. FOR a term of seven years under very advantageous conditions my farm between 18 and 19 Miles on the south side of the Costa Rica Railway running in a southerly direction and adjoining the United Fruit Company's plantations in Zent. Rent free for the first two years, after which a stipulated rental will be charged. Will be let in large or small lots as required. Particulars can be obtained from don Ignacio Figuls, Zent, or of the undersigned. Carcago, 28 Sept. 1903. ISMAEL ALVARADO, 10 ins. 3.10.03

THE PHOENIX COFFEE COMPANY. Roasters and Grinders. PORT LIMON, C. R. Having installed new and up-to-date machinery in our already well equipped plant, we are now in a position to handle any and all orders for all grades of ground Coffee, in a most reliable and satisfactory manner. Prompt delivery of all orders, local or of the line. Quality and prices beyond reach of competitors. WHY NOT GIVE LOCAL INDUSTRY A FAIR TRIAL? 4 ins. 26.9.03

REMOVAL!! MR. J. A. CALORIE. BEGS to inform the public and his numerous patrons that he has removed to the Building of Señor Bartoli, opposite the "Gem" A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ETC. IN STOCK. Special attention is called to the repairs of WATCHES, also JEWELRY. —Wedding Rings, etc., etc., always on hand. 13 ins. 5.8.03.

MULES FOR SALE. Apply E. P. DE ARCE. Zent Junction

# JACOB RIIS REPORTER and REFORMER

**I**f any rich man could mark a city with as many good works as Jacob A. Riis has thrust upon New York, writes Lincoln Steffens, his name would be called good and himself great; no matter how he made his money, the man would be a philanthropist. Riis is a reporter. The evils he exposed he discovered as a reporter; as a reporter he wrung men's hearts with them; and the reporter with his "roasts" compelled indifferent city officials to concede the reforms he suggested or approved. Consider these reforms: It was Riis who exposed the contaminated state of the city's water supply, and thus brought about the purchase of the whole Croton watershed. It was Riis who forced the destruction of rear tenements, and thus relieved the hideous darkness and density of life among the poor. It was the reporter with his gazing that wiped out Mulberry Bend, the worst tenement block in the city, and had the space turned into a park. Riis spoke the word that incited Commissioner Roosevelt to abolish police station lodging-houses. Riis fought for and secured a truant school, where boys who play hooky are punished—they used to be imprisoned with juvenile criminals. Riis did the work that won small parks for bad spots in the city; he labored years for enough schools; he drove bake shops with their fatal fires out of tenement basements; he demanded light for dark tenement hallways, got it, and thus opened one hiding place of vice, crime, and filth. He worked for the abolition of child labor, and when a law was enacted, compelled its enforcement. Playgrounds for schools and the opening of school-rooms to boys' and girls' clubs were of his work. And he raised the cry for flowers for the healthy as well as the sick poor.

Of course he did not do all these things single-handed, and he did not pay for them out of his own pocket. Riis was poor in pocket, but he was

ings found no expression in art, they went off, not as with most men of his temperament, in weird dissipation or lay sermons, but in action.

Now how did Riis win these victories? An effective reformer is so rare that he should be accounted for; a bold exposition of the methods by which an obscure reporter wrought so many reforms might make useful some of the well-meaning meddlers who never get anywhere. I fear not, however. Riis was simply a good citizen; the big, jolly, sentimental Dane took his adopted citizenship literally, and literally "worked for the public good"—"worked" like a political rascal. His methods were much like those of a boss. In the first place he kept himself in the background, sought no office, indulged no vanity and no self-glorification. In the second place he worked all the time. "The churches may close, the saloons and the slums are open all day and all night, all the year round," he said once to me. In the third place, he played upon men, used men, and women, too, and while he preached he pulled wires. In the fourth place, he waited to strike when the right iron turned up hot.

### Gardening in India.

Gardening in India, except for planters or retired officers who have settled down in a pretty little estate on the hills, and can lay out their gardens with an eye to permanent effect in the course of a few years, is by no means an unalloyed pleasure. It is a proverb among Indian officials that if you want to make sure of being transferred to a distant place you have only to set about laying out a nice vegetable garden. By the time the produce is ready the inner man of the luckless designer of that garden will be languishing on native-grown vegetables several hundred miles away, and strangers will be enjoying the fruits of his labor. Yet, fortunately, things grow so fast during the six months of the rainy season, from July to December, that one is encouraged to do one's best in the way of gardening.—The London Garden.

### Hansom Cabs in Berlin.

Hansom cabs have just been introduced for the first time in Berlin.

### A DUTIFUL SON

Story About Him Comes From Other Side of the World.

One of the finest traits of character of a Chinaman, be he high or low estate, is his unbounded reverence for his parents, his complete submission to parental rule, with correspondence of the Penang (Straits Settlement) Bulletin. From an early childhood he is taught to respect confidence in his parents as a reader cheerful obedience to teachers, and even anticipate their wishes.

The adoration of a dutiful son for his parents is practically limitless and the degree of respect them is often so marked that it apts to the uninitiated to be reverencing on awe. There are no is to the length of pilgrimages as a good son will undertake in the performance of such acts as he knows believe will give pleasure to his parents—what he knows to be his duty during the last few days a striking instance of this came to notice. We refer to Lim Pak Kiew, very busy man, who traveled all way from British North Borneo Penang to take part in the celebration of the seventy-first anniversary of the birth of his mother, Mme. Cheelean Ngoh, widow of Lim How Ee one of the best known merchants Penang for years prior to his death.

The celebration festivities commenced on Tuesday last when a large number of relatives and friends were entertained at dinner by son, at 68 King street, who responded to the toast of his mother's health in a very neat speech, teeming with felicitous allusion to the venerable by to whose careful training and good care he attributes so much of his success in life. For the amusement of a poor and to enable them to share in the celebration there was a performance of Chinese Wayang in front of the Chinese town hall in full swing all today.

Lim Pak Kiew, it may be mentioned, is the managing partner of the Ban Chin Lee opium, fruit, gambling and pawnbroking firm of the whole of British North Borneo. He is also the agent of the Straits Echo in Sandakan and all parts of B. N. B. W. cordially wish him a safe and pleasant voyage on his return to Borneo, and to the worthy lady to whom he has proved such a dutiful son we extend our heartiest congratulations on the occasion of her seventy-first birthday.

### WORDS OF WISDOM.

Money is a good servant, but a poor master.—D. Boulton.

A great mind will neither give an affront nor bear it.—Aome.

A page digested is better than a volume hurriedly read.—Macaulay.

Both man and womankind belie their nature when they are not kind.—Baley.

Let there be many windows to your may beauty.—W. H. Jackson.

What is defeat? Nothing but education; nothing but the first step to something better.—Wendell Phillips.

The influence of individual character extends from generation to generation—the world is moulded by it.—Macrod.

No man is the mere resultant of his past misdeeds, but each has in himself a fountain of incalculable spontaneity, and lies all open to the inundation of the moral forces of humanity and the benignant spirit of the world.—J. W. Chadwick.

Grant me to become beautiful in the inner man, and that whatever outward things I have may be at peace with those within. May I deem the wise man rich, and may I have such a portion of wealth as none but a prudent man can bar use. This prayer enough for me.—Socrates.

I see beginnings a man, no of; wrestling, not achievement; unfolding, not maturity. Still he sighs for light, more light. Upon the borders of life he stands and stretches out his hands to infinity and eternity, for light, for progress, for newfields resplendent with everlasting light and glory.—Orville Dewey.

### Never Far From His Store.

Probably there is no tradesman in American soil who lives closer to his place of business than does a certain Chinese fruit dealer, whose stall at the corner of Clay street and Waver place is one of the regulation sights of Chinatown in San Francisco. The merchant of the cur has his residence in an upper story of his modest stall sandwiched in between his tomato shelf and an overhag, which projects from the second floor of the house against whose wall the fruit stall is built. This bit of room, which about as commodious as a deal packet box, such as upright pianos are shipped in, is provided with one very small window and one door. When the hours of the day are over, which in Chinatown is about midnight, Charlie, the Chinaman likes to be called John—put up his stall shutters, extinguishes his gasoline light and is ready for bed. He means of a ladder mounts to his solitary chamber, jills the ladder up after him, and shutting his door is snug as you pleasant morning, close place for a night, you think but then the clima of San Francisco is peculiar in having no hot nights—at least that is what a San Franciscan tell you.—Philadelphia Record.

### Killed in a Cious Manner.

While choppingwood near Augsburg, Germany, a boy named Wilhelm Belir caught his x against a wire clothesline. At the same moment a flash of lightning struck the line, passed down theatcher and killed him.

### Germany's best Warship.

Germany's oldest sea-going warship the "Kron," was built in England in 1867.

### The Zebrule---

### A Coming Mule.

Professor Coscar Ewart, of Penycuik, has been experimenting for the last eight years to see if superior animals for military purposes could be got by zebra-horse hybrids. His efforts have now gone beyond the experimental stage, and he has succeeded in producing an animal which is stronger, more vigorous and more intelligent than the ordinary mule. The Indian Government has lately bought two of his

a paper is in existence, of course, as a conveyance it would have no legal effect, but as a declaration of intention on the part of Mr. Jackson that title to the land around this tree should not pass to his heirs, and the land around the tree being given to itself, as it were, and in that way to the public, the paper might be a circumstance indicating an intention to dedicate the land to public uses, the land embraced in the deed being adjacent to a public street, and the heirs having acquiesced in this, the dedication may now be complete. If the title to the land is



A ZEBRULE—HALF HORSE, HALF ZEBRA.

fine "zebrules," as he calls them, which are now at Quetta being tested as to their suitability for mountain battery work. The authorities have for some years met with considerable difficulty in obtaining good jacks for their mule breeding stations in India. The pick of the Spanish jacks have been bought up by the Americans, who have bred from them more carefully and scientifically than the Spaniards themselves. India is also now trying experiments on its own account with zebras which have been obtained from the East Africa Protectorate. Herds of these beautiful creatures are frequently to be seen on the Tana River, and drives are organized for the capture of the young zebra stallions for export to India, Jamaica and elsewhere. Baron de Parana, of Brazil, where he has bred and trained several, says the zebule will be the mule of the twentieth century.—The King.

not now in the heirs of Mr. Jackson it may be vested in the public under the theory above referred to."

It is obvious that the simple method of deeding the land directly to the people is safer and more practical than the above plan. However, the peculiar conditions have endeared the tree to the hearts of the people, and I believe



the "Tree that Owns Itself" is perfectly safe.—L. E. E., in Country Life in America.

### Prevention Better Than Cure.

It is coming generally to be admitted, even in Germany, which invented the sanatorium, that its main role in the treatment of tuberculosis is educative. Curative it may be, but it is far more knowledge about prevention. And an anti-tuberculous serum is discovered prevention remains the only efficient means of dealing with this malady, and it is almost a pity that its importance should have been obscured by the "fresh air" cure. Of "fresh air" prevention we cannot hear too much. With open windows, especially in the purer air of night, and sufficient food, one may defy tubercle bacilli. When the responsible members of the Government follow the advice of every living hygeist, rather than their own ignorance, and prohibit public expectation, there will soon remain no tubercle bacilli to defy. Meanwhile a tuberculous patient dies about every seven minutes in this country.—London Chronicle.

In Southwark, the smallest London borough, there were more lunatics last year than in any other metropolitan borough.

### THE TREE THAT OWNS ITSELF

There is a grand old oak in Athens, Ga., that owns itself. Many years ago Chief Justice W. H. Jackson, of the Supreme Court of Georgia (father of the late Chief Justice) gave the following deed:

That W. H. Jackson, of the County of tree" (here defining location) "of the County of Clarke, of the other part Witnesseth, that the said W. H. Jackson, for and in consideration of the great affection which he bears said tree, and his great desire to see it protected, has conveyed, and by these presents doth convey, unto the said oak tree entire possession of itself and of all lands within eight feet of it on all sides."

The important question now arises, Is this deed valid? On this point we are glad to quote the opinion of one of the present associate Justices of the Supreme Court of Georgia, as given in an informal and unofficial letter:

"By common consent the ground supposed to have been conveyed to the tree has been treated as not belonging to any one; and if a tree could acquire a title to supporting earth by prescription, this tree would have long since become the owner of the little piece of surrounding ground that is not claimed by any one else. If such

**Wild Animals in Captivity.**  
Captivity changes animals' nature. A lion captured when it is full grown will always be treacherous, but lions, tigers, leopards or other carnivorous animals that have been born in captivity can be tamed till they are quite as gentle and affectionate as pool dogs.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CUNNINGHAM & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

### DYSPEPSIA OF WOMEN.



Mrs. E. B. Bradshaw, of Guthrie, Okla., cured of a severe case by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

A great many women suffer with a form of indigestion or dyspepsia which does not seem to yield to ordinary medical treatment. While the symptoms seem to be similar to those of ordinary indigestion, yet the medicines universally prescribed do not seem to restore the patient's normal condition.

Mrs. Pinkham claims that there is a kind of dyspepsia that is caused by derangement of the female organism, and which, while it causes disturbance similar to ordinary indigestion, is not relieved without a medicine which not only acts as a stomach tonic, but has peculiar uterine tonic effects as well.

Thousands of testimonial letters prove beyond question that nothing will relieve this distressing condition so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It always works in harmony with the female system.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address Lynn, Mass.

### Gossip-Proof.

Mrs. Crawford—Have they much money?

Mrs. Crabshaw—Why, they're so rich that, if they preferred, they could afford to stay in town all summer.—September Smart Set.

### FREE STUART'S GIN and BUCHU

To all who suffer, or to the friends of those who suffer with Kidney, Liver, Heart, Bladder or Blood Disease, a sample bottle of Stuart's Gin and Buchu, the great southern Kidney and Liver Medicine, will be sent absolutely free of cost. Mention this paper. Address STUART DRUG MFG CO., 28 Wall St., Atlanta, Ga.

### Liver Pills

That's what you need; something to cure your biliousness, and regulate your bowels. You need Ayer's Pills. Vegetable; gently laxative.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

### The Watkins "Boy" Hay Press

THE MARVEL OF THE COUNTRY.



Two boys can operate it (no other power needed) and bale the crop right in the field at less than cost of hauling to big press. It does less of other things and costs only \$35. Write us at once for circular No. 27.

E. E. LOWE CO., Atlanta, Georgia

GOOD AGENTS WANTED.

### Banishes Biliousness

cures sick stomachs and aching heads. It's good for children too.

At Druggists, 50c. & \$1.00 or by mail.

THE TARRANT CO., Chemists, New York

The Scholastic Mouse.

Said the mouse with scholastic wit "I will study the subject of cat." But when puss gave a yawn, Mr. Mouse was gone. Much quicker than you could say "Scat!"

September 31, Nicholas



JACOB A. RIIS.

—From McClure's Magazine.

rich in sentiment and strength and courage. He gave facts and made the city pay. The man has cost New York City millions of dollars. According to the latest principle of public beneficence, however, this makes him all the more a philanthropist, for such men as Rockefeller and Carnegie have been giving money only on condition that the city or institution receiving the gifts should raise as much more, and Mr. Carnegie told me once that he was prouder of what he had made the cities do for themselves than of all that he himself had given. So Riis, who has made his city foot the whole bill, is the greatest philanthropist of them all.

Riis is a lusty Danish emigrant, with a vigorous body, an undisciplined mind that grasps facts as he himself sees them, an imagination to reconstruct, emotion to suffer, and a kind, fighting spirit, to weep, whoop, laugh and demand. As a reporter he saw straight, told about it in words hot with emotion, and, because his feeling was genuine, he was not content with the pleasant sensation of horror he gave his readers, neither could he be ordered off on some other assignment; he turned reformer, and while the man continued to pity, the reporter continued to report, and the reformer worked through despair to set the wrong right. As a citizen, public business came first in his interest, his own second.

The power to conceive evil in its vicious form failed Riis always. He has gathered with the cleverest reporters in New York the facts of a news story, and by grasping them with his sympathy and imagination, has so written them that his paper appeared to have a "beat." His imagination was that of a child or a genius. If this hadn't been so he never would have done his great work—indeed, all come out of his imagination and feeling. Far deeper than any intellectual faculty lay his sympathy. His life, as you can see in "The Making of an American," has been one long stretch of emotional excitement. The world has played upon his sensibilities as it does upon the soul of a musician, and since his feel-

### New Head of the Army.

Major-General S. B. M. Young has succeeded General Miles as Lieutenant-General, Chief of Staff and head of



GENERAL SAMUEL B. M. YOUNG.

the Army. General Young is to retire from the active Army next January, and it is well understood that General Chaffee is to take his place at the head of the Army. He, in turn, will retire in about two years.

### Detecting Food Adulteration.

The photo-microscopic camera for taking the pictures of food adulterants and disease bacteria, and the microscope for cutting articles of food into infinitesimal pieces have lately been used with great success by the Agricultural Department. Imported foods are now tested by the department in a microscopic laboratory established for the purpose. Many astonishing revelations have been made under the new regulations adopted by Congress.—Philadelphia Record.

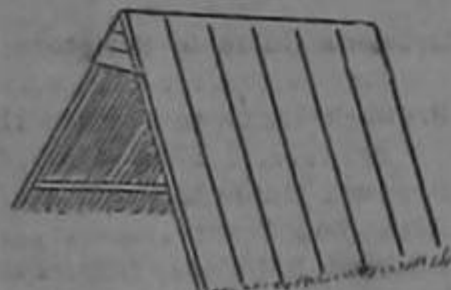
AGRICULTURAL

The Farm Flock.

There is the same necessity for having the farm flock consist of profitable individuals that there is in the case of the flocks and herds of larger animals...

Farrowing Pen.

The cut shows a convenient, cheap farrowing pen for brood sows, when a suitable hog-house is not had. It is made five and a half feet square at lower end...



ground for nailing boards on. Front end is left entirely open except a few boards nailed across the top to give strength. At back side it is boarded up close, the one resting on the ground being five and a half feet long.

Size and Quality in Fruit.

The value of a crop of fruit depends more upon its quality than quantity. No matter how large the general fruit crop may be, or how heavily the markets may be glutted, good fruit will always sell readily...

Producing Pork at Least Cost.

The first step in the production of pork is the selection of the breeding stock, which in every case should be pure-bred or nearly so. Good grade sows bred to pure males will produce good results...

I breed and feed the Berkshires and find them a good, prolific, hearty, easy-feeding and quick-maturing hog. Select from a good prolific strain. It costs no more to winter a good animal than one that is not...

A Cheap Silo.

The first silo is always more or less of an experiment, and a good one to begin with can be made this way: Level a place at least four feet in diameter by driving an iron pin in the middle and putting a piece of slit work on a plank with a hole in the middle, place a level on this and turn until you have worked the ground to a satisfactory smoothness at around a shovel.

Why O' Love. "Love finds a way," so runs the time-worn saying; So, when that little naked god goes straying Within the sacred precincts of the heart...

Human Nature and Street Cars.

"The street car is a good place to study human nature," said the observant man, "and there are many reasons why this is so. In the first place, if you want to study human nature, you must get it hemmed up for a while, close in on it, as it were, and hold it long enough to bring out whatever specialized line there may be in the particular specimen."

A TRACTABLE MEMORY.

"I see you don't remember me, sir?" "No, sir; I don't." "I'm Blinks. I owe you \$50." "Ah! Now that you mention the—ah—sum, I remember you perfectly."—Detroit Free Press.

Robert Browning is undoubtedly a writer difficult and obscure in perhaps the greater number of his poems.

But, for all that, he has sung—sometimes in a complete poem, and more often in single verses or even a line or two—wonderful and beautiful things within the reach of every one, young or old.

A Large Cotton Crop—Lower Prices.

It begins to appear as if the supply of cotton this year will be fully equal to all requirements, and the cotton planters of the South will doubtless act wisely in selling the cotton they have raised just as promptly as it can be brought to market.

The U. S. Government in its report on the cotton crop, issued on the 3d of September, makes the condition of the crop \$1.2. This is 17.2 per cent. better than the report at the same time last year, and the acreage shows an increase of about four per cent. This is a total of twenty-one per cent. over last year's indicated production...

The truth seems to be that the abnormally high prices to which cotton advanced during the spring and summer, although they profited planters but little, as the crop was practically all marketed before these prices were realized, have greatly stimulated planting and production in every direction.

The clash of arms and the ounce of love are commingled with regular charm in the complete novel 'Septimius' for September. It is 'The Blade that Won,' and is by Irton Egbert Stevenson.

Bearg Without a Gun.

An old r told me this story, which I w in my own words: "Did yer hear of the time I licked a without my gun? No? Well, I'll to you. About sundown, one afternoon, I was roaming in the woods with no weapon on me, when, to my horror, I saw a bear running toward me open mouth and foaming jaws! n't the least idea what to do, so nothing; I stood still, scared to. As the bear sprang upon me I natively put out my arm to pry myself, and my hand went into outh! Then a happy thought se! I thrust my hand in farther, bed hold of his tail, gave him a inside out, and he ran away from sack into the woods!"—Septembecincott's.

A new fo in Ainslee's is a department of news of current fiction, entitled "Fok Lovers." It is conducted in a chatty style by a critic who ently has an open mind for the prod of any of the school's of fiction. The September issue there is particularly interesting statement of opinion in general, apropos of John Barry's novel, "A Daughter of Spain." The department, as a w, is a good guide for the fiction re.

FITSPERMANE cures. No fits or nervousness after first's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer bottle and treatment. Dr. R. H. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Many makers now building gas engines of 2000 h.p. power, and are ready to double this efficiency.

\$1.00 Big 500-rod Steel Range Offer. If you can use best big 500-pound steel range made in world, and are willing to have it placed your own home on three months' free trial just out this notice out and send it to S. S. ROKNER & Co., Chicago, and you'll receive free by return mail a big pile of the steel range and many other cooks and heating stoves; you will also receive most wonderful \$1.00 steel range offer that places the best steel range heating stove in the home of any family; an offer that no family in the land, no matter what their circumstances may be, how small their income, need be without a best cooking or heating stove made.

Many a man acquires a good reputation a what is not found out about him.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

It is easier to run into debt than to swi out.

J. H. GREEN'S loss, of Atlanta, Ga., are only successful Dropsy Specialists in the wld. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

he baker works and loafs at the same te.

so's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

PUTNAM 'ADELESS DYES color more gold, per package, than others.

The smallest minds are the ones that are changed to most.

Black Hair "I have used your Hair Vigor five years and am greatly pleased with it. It certainly restores the original color to gray hair. It keeps my hair soft."—Mrs. Helen Kilkenny, New Portland, Me.

Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years, and it never fails to do his work, either. You can rely upon it or stopping your hair from falling, for keeping your scalp clean, and for making your hair grow.

U.M.C. CARTRIDGES AND SHOT SHELLS represent the experience of 35 years of ammunition making. U.M.C. On the head of a cartridge is a guarantee of quality. Sure fire—accurate—reliable. As your dealer.

THE UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO. BRIDGEPORT, CONN. PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup Taste Good. Use in time. See directions.

ATLANTA COLLEGE Physicians and Surgeons. Finest laboratories in the South. Clinical advantages unsurpassed. Faculty of fourteen professors and twenty-five assistants. Fees reasonable. Write for catalogue. W. S. KENDRICK, Dean, Atlanta, Ga.

FALL KIDNEY CHILLS.

With the chilling air of fall comes an extra tax on weak kidneys.—It's the time Doan's Kidney Pills are needed—now recognized the world over as the chief Kidney and Bladder remedy. Aching backs are eased. Hip, back, and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish. They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, dizziness.

BAXTER SPRING, KANSAS.—"I needed the free sample of Doan's Kidney Pills. For five years I have had much pain in my back, which physicians said arose from my kidneys. Four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills have entirely cured the trouble. I think I owe my life to these pills, and I want others to know it."—SARIE DAVIS, Baxter Springs, Kans.



WINCHESTER RIFLE & PISTOL CARTRIDGES. "It's the shots that hit that count." Winchester Rifle and Pistol Cartridges in all calibers hit, that is, they shoot accurately and strike a good, hard, penetrating blow. This is the kind of cartridges you will get, if you insist on having the time-tried Winchester make.

Positions GUARANTEED BY A \$5,000 BANK DEPOSIT. Railroad Fare Paid. 500 FREE Courses Offered. Board at Cost. Write Quick. GEORGIA-ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

"ALL SIGNS FAIL IN A DRY TIME. THE SIGN OF THE FISH NEVER FAILS IN A WET TIME." Remember this when you buy Wet Weather Clothing and look for the name TOWER on the buttons. This sign and this name have stood for the BEST during sixty-seven years of increasing sales.

Avery & Company SUCCESSORS TO AVERY & McMILLAN, 51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga. ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY



BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH. Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Steam Governors, Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES. You can save from \$3 to \$5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas \$3.50 or \$3 shoes.

W. L. DOUGLAS. They equal those that have been costing you from \$4.00 to \$5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.

SAW MILLS. Our Latest Improved Circular Saw Mills, with Hodge's Universal Log Beams, Rectilinear, Simultaneous Set Works and the Heacock King Variable Feed Works are unequalled for ACCURACY, SIMPLICITY, DURABILITY and EASE OF OPERATION.

RIPANS TABLETS are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use.

If You Don't Want CURLS IN YOUR HAIR. YOU DO WANT Carpenter's OX MARROW POMADE (REMARK OF IMITATIONS)

BAD BLOOD. "I had trouble with my bowels which made my blood impure. My face was covered with pimples when no external remedy could remove them. I tried your Cascarets and great was my joy when the pimples disappeared after a month's steady use. I have recommended them to all my friends and quite a few have found relief."—C. J. FOSCH, 87 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y.

THE GREAT EAST AND WEST LINE ACROSS THE ENTIRE STATES OF TEXAS AND LOUISIANA. THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Cascarets Best for The Bowels. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP. Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens or Grips. 25c. per box. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

ATLANTA COLLEGE Physicians and Surgeons. Finest laboratories in the South. Clinical advantages unsurpassed. Faculty of fourteen professors and twenty-five assistants. Fees reasonable. Write for catalogue. W. S. KENDRICK, Dean, Atlanta, Ga.

Dropsy CURED in 6 or 8 Days. Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed. To cure, or they refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

British Honduras.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION. The 105th anniversary of the colony of British Honduras was celebrated in a fitting manner on the 10th ult. The following were the principal events on the programme: Fire Brigade Parade, Gymkhana meeting, Foresters' Procession, Races, Polo match and a ball at night. Prizes were offered to the competitors in some of the events, and they were presented to the winners by His Excellency the Hon. P. C. Cork, Officer Administering the Government of the colony. Three hearty cheers were given for the acting Governor and Mrs. Cork.—Daily Telegraph.

COSTA RICA.

TARIFF MODIFICATIONS. (From Board of Trade Journal.) The Board of Trade are in receipt, through the Foreign Office, of a copy of a despatch from H. M. Consul at San José, reporting the following changes in the Customs Tariff of Costa Rica, which were approved by the Congress of the Republic during the month of July. The liquors (medicinal spirits, fruit essences, and scents excepted) to be regarded as spirits for tariff purposes, are to be those containing 25 per cent or more of alcohol, instead of 20 per cent or more as formerly. Building timber is to pay duty by weight only (measurement charges being appressed), at the rate of 1.43 cents per kilogram. New rates of duty are established on the undermentioned articles as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Item and Duty per kilogram. Items include Broom corn (5 cents), Broom handles (6 cents), Fresh vegetables and garden produce (25 cents), Carbon bisulphide (Free), and Real value of the Costa Rica colon (100 cents).

REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA.

NEW STEAMSHIP SERVICE BETWEEN HAMBURG AND COLOMBIAN PORTS. (From Board of Trade Journal.) A despatch has been received at the Board of Trade, through the Foreign Office, from the Acting British Consul at Panama, reporting that the steamship "Sesostria" of the Kosmos Line (of Hamburg) arrived in that port on the 20th July, bringing passengers but no cargo, and left the following day for the south without passengers or cargo. Although no definite arrangements for a regular service have yet been made, it is rumoured: says the Acting Consul, that the Kosmos Line, trading for some time past between Hamburg and the west coast of North and South America, contemplate calling at Panama for a time, by way of experiment, and would, it is believed, be remunerative if it should prove remunerative.

EVOLUTION OF THE BLACKS OF JAMAICA.

A CREDITABLE RECORD. Miss Pullen-Bury, who was in Jamaica some time ago, read a paper on "The Rapid Evolution of the Jamaica Black," a couple of weeks ago before the members of the Anthropology section of the British Association. She said that there were two matters of anthropological interest which could not fail to strike the observant visitor to Jamaica namely, the fusion of varying racial elements, and the rapid transition from semi-savagery into civilization of the descendants of African slaves. Nowhere else in the world were similar phenomena to be met with. It seemed possible to have one civilization for blacks, coloured people and whites. After giving the history of the island for the past century, Miss Bury remarked that if by civilization was meant the safety of life and protection of property, then the civilization of this people of African origin in Jamaica was complete—a rather bold statement to make. Their courtesy, native politeness, and cheerful disposition—were features duly noted and appreciated by the numerous American visitors who flocked to the shores of Jamaica every winter in search of health. They compared the condition of the black under British rule with that of his brother in the States and agreed that the problem of how to deal with an emancipated race had been more successfully dealt with in Jamaica than in their own part of America. Crimes of violence, the penalty for which was lynching in the States, were unknown in Jamaica. Murder was of the rarest occurrence. A white woman could, for she had done it, ride or walk in perfect security by night or day in any part of the island. The old African Obeah worship was gradually disappearing. Miss Bury referred to Archbishop Nuttall's philanthropic efforts and broad-minded views of how to deal with the coloured and black classes in Jamaica, and said that they were thoroughly appreciated across the Atlantic.—Daily Telegraph.

CHURCH ON THE ISLANDS.

(From Church Notes.) THE Colon Starlet of the 22nd, says of the progress of the new Church, Panama:—"Work is progressing satisfactorily. The building will be a two-story one, or the upper story to be used as the church and the lower as the school. The lower part of the building will be constructed of stone and the upper portion of wood. Already the walls are nearly finished, while the window and door frames are all in." At a Missionary Meeting held on the 18th inst. several promises were made to subscribe additional money in case the funds in hand should prove insufficient to complete the building. The meeting was largely attended and was presided over by the Ven. Archdeacon Hendrick.

UNITED FRUIT CO. IS WITHOUT A COMPETITOR.

VERLEY CO. DISCONTINUES TO SEND FRUIT TO BOSTON. From The Daily Telegraph. In an article on "Those Boston Quotations," which appears in its issue of the 19th ult., the Fruit and Produce News, among other things, says: Just now the United Fruit Co. seems to hold the winning hand as far as the local banana market is concerned. It is practically without competition, O. W. Newhouse, who for several months handled the Verley Fruit Co's bananas, has given up. The additional freight charges caused by handling the fruit from New York instead of Providence and the likelihood of damage to the bananas caused by delays in handling, proved too much of a handicap for the conducting of a profitable business here. W. W. & C. R. Noyes have finished receiving cargoes for the season, though they still handle a few carloads from time to time. This week the United Fruit Co. had three cargoes. Everything appears happy from the outside. The stock is steadily climbing, reaching 102 on Wednesday, and at a meeting of the directors on Tuesday an extra dividend of 1 per cent. was declared, in addition to the regular 1 1/2 per cent. quarterly dividend.

COMING SUSPENSION OF CABLE SERVICE IN COLOMBIA.

DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT AND THE COMPANY. Panama, Sept. 27. It is announced that the cable service to Buenaventura will be closed at the end of September. The Inspector of Telegraphs has received orders from Bogota to close the Central and South American Company's office in this town on the suspension of the service. The cable company asked for a new concession of twenty years and the privilege of raising the tariff, which request has been refused.—Gleaner.

LABOUR IN JAMAICA.

From The Gleaner. It is unfortunate that the statement which has been made more than once, that some employers have offered men sixpence a day for hard field-work, has not been investigated. It will be difficult to keep labour in the island at any price when Panama Canal work has been started, and that work will surely be available before very long; then, three shillings a day here will have little value. They would not benefit very considerably by taking such an offer rather than go to the Canal works, but that they will not see the advantage.—Catholic Opinion.

THE DIRECT LINE.

JAMAICA BANANAS ABSENT FROM ENGLISH MARKET. Liverpool, Sept. 4.—The Elder Dempster liner Port Maria arrived at Bristol yesterday with 30,000 bunches of bananas, the last consignment, it is understood, that will arrive from Jamaica for several months to come. The stoppage is due to the recent hurricane, which completely destroyed the growing crop. In order to replace its loss to some extent Messrs. Elders and Fryes, the principal importers of bananas, have arranged for the delivery of a cargo of bananas from Costa Rica, per the steamer Chicka-hominy, at Salford Docks next Wednesday, and it is hoped that as they come from the West Indies though not from Jamaica, the public will take to them as the next best thing to the Jamaica favourite.

THE LONDON MARKET.

London, Sept. 9.—In an article today on the fruit market, the Daily Chronicle says:— It was curious to note that bananas maintain in the retail market a high price despite Sir Alfred Jones' attempt to increase the supply by persuading the people of Jamaica to take more care over their cultivation. In the shops there is, with few exceptions, no difference shown between the banana from Jamaica and the superior fruit from the Canary Islands, and the cheaper article is more often than otherwise foisted on the unsuspecting purchaser, who only realizes the petty fraud when he eats it. In Covent Garden the price for Jamaica bananas ranges from 4s to 6s a bunch, while the Canary Island fruit is just double the price. In the shops, however, "bananas," with no indication of their origin, cost about the same as before Sir Alfred Jones started his plucky enterprise.—Gleaner.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions and views expressed by our correspondents, nor do we undertake to return manuscripts addressed to us. Correspondents in all cases must give their names not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith. Thanking Mr Editor for this valuable space. Yr humble servant H. LOUIE MIGNOTT.

divided into two. The first embraces all who on the first day of the week, or Sunday, and the second, those who on the seventh day, or Saturday, observe the side of the former is great body of Christendom, while the other side appears to be of from seventy thousand one hundred thousand Christians whose honesty and integrity, at least are seldom questioned. "To every living, at some time this question came, which is right?" Avoid alike it as much as we may, at some, alone with God, we must settle ourselves, and settle it forever in our judgment day except that of our choice. Because one side supported by the majority does not that it must be right. In the of Noah, eight persons contended against the world, but triumphed in the end. On the plains of Dura, then opposed the entire realm of Babylon, denied the tongues of the flame, stood for the right, and those were divinely vindicated. (Gen. 6: and Daul. 3) "Thou shalt allow a multitude to do evil" (Exo., Matt. 7: 13, 14) "Every religious has begun with a small minority, in spite of the ridicule, contempt, persecutions of the majorities, grown and out-lived its forerunners. How then can a question be settled? How can a problem be solved so one may assured that his conclusions are utterly correct? Can there be, in any way, a perfect agreement? When two or a parties persistently disagree their obligation in worldly things only can be reached by a selection of a referee in which each party, the utmost confidence; and each party must pledge himself that he will abide by the decision of unbiased judge. To the referee case is fairly and truthfully stated, then renders a verdict; and, as each has solemnly pledged himself to accept the decision, neither party can justly object to it, even though unfavourable to his practices. To reject the decision stamps such act dishonest. Now for the settling of this great question "Is Sunday the Sabbath, let a vote upon a judge, and let him decide the question. "Fortunately, the deciding of every religious controversy, there is a common referee one in which every Protestant Christian claims to have the most implicit confidence and by whose decision they are already fully pledged to abide. That referee is the Bible. Therefore let us now voice the PROTESTANT PLEDGE. "The Bible, and the Bible only, is the religion of Protestants. (or is of any account) is the estimation of the genuine Protestantism as a doctrine originated if it is not found in the Bible. He who receives a single doctrine from the mere authority of tradition, let him be called by what name he will, by so doing sets down from the Protestant rock upon the line which separates protestantism from popery, and carries no valid reason why he should not receive of Romanism upon the same authority."—Down's "History of Romanism."

LOYAL TO THE BIBLE. The Church of England an Episcopal Church of America.—"It is not lawful for the Church to ordain any thing that is contrary to God's written word."—Book of Common Prayer, Art. 20. Baptists.—"The Baptist stands upon eternal principles. They believe the Bible, pure and simple from the first verse of Genesis to the last word in Revelation."—Address by D. Wharlock, July, 1896, Baltimore. Methodist Episcopal.—"The Holy Scriptures contain all things necessary to salvation; so that whatsoever is not read therein, nor may be proved thereby, is not to be required of any man that it should be believed as an article of faith, or be thought requisite or necessary to salvation."—Article and Discipline 1896, P. 20, Art. of Faith, No. 4. See also other Protestants' Cat. "To all this very seventh day observer says, "amen," and agree to abide by the verdict. It seems hardly possible that any first day observer can dissent. Let us listen to the Judge "Herein is the decision in the plural terms, and with the greatest decision: Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy. Six days shall thou labour, and do all thy work: but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, thy man servant, nor thy maid servant, nor thy cattle, nor thy stranger that is within thy gates: for in six days the Lord made heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh day: wherefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath day, and hallowed it."—Exo. 20: 8, 11. "This decision was given to. Now we know that whatsoever the law saith, it saith to them who are under the law: that every mouth may be stopped, and all the world may become guilty before God." Rom. 3: 19. Therefore, let all Protestants, who have stepped down from the solid rock principles laid down at the Diet of Spire, close their mouths henceforth and forever. "Because sentence against an evil work is not executed speedily, therefore the heart of the sons of men is fully set in them to do evil." Eccles. 8: 11. Thanking Mr Editor for this valuable space. Yr humble servant H. LOUIE MIGNOTT.

HOW TO STOP A COUGH. A simple but effective remedy is the following. Breathing through the nostrils, inhale a full breath as slowly as is possible without causing fatigue. Expel the breath in the same manner and repeat the operation ten times. This will stop the coughing for about a quarter of an hour. Take a dose of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy during this lull and the medicine will have a better opportunity to act and will speedily effect a complete cure. It always cures and cures quickly. LIMO INTERNATIONAL PHARMACY sells it. 26 ans. 11 & 02

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